Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXII.—NO. 139. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,684

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Miles will be asked to explain recent interviews appearing with him and the publication of certain dispatches. —— Continued heavy rains have proved unfavorable to crops in some portions of the country, while other sections have suffered from drought. —— Spanish authorities at Havana refused to let supplies for the starving inhabitants to be landed. —— Mail service between Tampa, Fla., and Havana will be resumed. —— Commodore Philips, of the Texas, has been placed in command of the second squadron of the North Atlantic fleet. —— Encouraging reports are received from yellow fever infected points. —— The officers of Supreme Lodge, K. of P., have been exonerated from charges of wrong doing. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 2@2½ per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton steady—middling uplands 5¾c; flour inactive and barely steady, with prices 5@10c lower to sell; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 73½@74¼c; corn—spot firm, No. 2 36¼c; rosin, quiet; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 31.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 74 deg.; 8 P. M., 78 deg.; maximum, 85 deg.; minimum, 71 deg.; mean, 78 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .66; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 5.93 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Heavy rains are reported from the central Gulf and Atlantic coast districts, and light showers in Southern Texas. The temperature was slightly lower yesterday in the Mississippi valley districts and slightly higher elsewhere. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was reported: Evergreen, Ala., 2.20; Opelika, Ala., 1.98; Fort Deposit, Ala., 1.60; Cheraw, S. C., 1.60; Florence, S. C., 1.48; Goldsboro, N. C., 2.10; Lumberton, N. C., 1.15; Weldon, N. C., 1.29.

STORM WARNING.

The following message has been received at the Wilmington Weather Bureau office, dated Washington, D. C., 4.10 P. M., August 30:

To Observer, Wilmington, N. C.—Northeast storm signal ordered up at Norfolk, Norfolk section, Wilmington, Savannah. Storm developing off Georgia coast; will probably cause high northeast winds as far north as Norfolk to night.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The storm central off the Georgia coast is apparently moving slowly westward, with high easterly winds and heavy rainfall reported along the Georgia and South Carolina coast. The barometer has fallen sharply in East Georgia and also throughout the Northwest sections. Another storm area of some energy is central over the Dakotas. The pressure is highest in North Carolina and Virginia. Cloudy weather and rain prevails in Northern Florida, Georgia and in the Carolinas; elsewhere the weather is generally clear. The temperature has risen generally throughout the North, and continues very high in the West, with maximum temperatures ranging upwards in the nineties. The following high winds are reported: Charleston, S. C., 52 miles N. E.; Savannah, Ga., 34 miles E.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 8.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Rain; variable winds; gales on the coast.

Port Almanac—Aug. 31.

Sun Rises	5.30 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.30 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 00 M.
High Water at Southport	7.24 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	9.54 A. M.

The Mayor of London receives a salary of $50,000 a year, but it takes about three times as much to run the business creditably and keep up style.

Carl Schurz doesn't think this country is able to manage any more territory. But with the assistance of Carl it ought to be able to run a few more acres.

A contemporary admires the spirit which the people of Havana exhibit in submitting to the situation. They were glad to get a good square meal, after their protracted short allowance.

Miss Helen Gould is a daisy. In addition to the $100,000 which she gave to help defray war expenses, she has since spent $27,000 in providing necessaries and comforts for the sick soldiers at Montauk, where she spends much time in looking after the sick soldiers.

A dying man in Illinois bequeathed $1,000 to Bob Ingersoll on condition that Bob deliver his funeral oration. That's about Bob's talking price; but if he does this job we venture to say that he will put it up in such a style that the bequeather of the cash will not find any fault with it.

Pennsylvania pickpockets do not believe in showing partiality to some and slighting others. At a recent Granger picnic at Lake Craig they showed attention enough to the sheriff of the county to relieve him of $7,000 in cash and securities, which he thought were securely tucked away in his pockets.

A Vienna, Austria, Judge has decided that waiters have a right to hold the baggage of travellers if the tips are not large enough to suit them. The waiters think this is a tip-top decision but it doesn't suit the travellers who are expected to tip.

Count Rex, German Minister to Venezuela, has been made Minister to Persia. He arrived at New York, from Caracas, the other day, accompanied by 23 trunks and 12 servants, six of whom he needs to help him dress, and he is a bachelor, too.

The number of pensioners has gone over the million mark. There are now 1,040,035 on the rolls, and more coming. More names went on the rolls last years than in any year betwen 1869 and 1880.

Spain learned a good deal about this country in the few months' schooling she had, and Admiral Cervera proposes to tell her some more things when he gets home.

The new Japanese colony in Mexico is in luck. A rich gold mine has been discovered on their land, and they think "there's millions in it."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Palace Bakery—Fine fruits to-day.
Vollers & Hashagen—Your opportunity.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

I. Shrier—For rent.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. F. Garrell has returned from a visit to Saratoga and Niagara Falls.

— Mr. W. W. Miller, of Rocky Point, was registered at The Orton yesterday.

— Mr. John Sprangle, of Mt. Airy, is one of the excursionists in the city to-day.

— Mr. W. R. Fountain, of Lanier, Onslow county, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stevenson and Reston Stevenson have returned from a Northern trip.

— Mrs. John Creasy returned from Winston yesterday, where she has been visiting relatives.

— Dr. Pride Thomas is expected home to-day after a visit to Lincolnton and other western towns.

— Mr. J. E. Norwood, of Newberry, S. C., who has been here on a visit, returned home yesterday.

— C. H. English, of the First Texas Band, arrived yesterday returning to camp at Jacksonville, Fla., from a furlough.

— Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Messick, of Winston, came down on the excursion yesterday. They went down to Carolina Beach last night.

— Miss Mamie Alderman returned yesterday from Winnabow. It is to her that the STAR is indebted for the report of the unique patriotic entertainment at that place last Monday night.

— Misses Lucy and Stella McIntosh, who have been spending some time visiting relatives in Moore county, returned to the city yesterday, accompanied by their cousin, Miss Lillie McIntosh.

Bellamy at Pireway.

John D. Bellamy, the white man's Democratic candidate for Congress in this district, will address the people at Pireway, Columbus county, Wednesday next, Sept. 7th. He will discuss the great issues of the day, chief among which in North Carolina is the supremacy of the white race. As Pireway is almost on the line between Columbus and Brunswick a large attendance is expected from both counties.

Handsome Flowers.

The STAR was glad to have a call yesterday from Mr. H. E. Newbury, of Magnolia, accompanied by his son, Bayman J. H. Newbury, of the *Nantucket*. Mr. Newbury presented the STAR with a large box of dahlias. They are exceedingly handsome. As a grower of pretty flowers Mr. Newbury is almost without an equal. His tube rose industry is talked of all over the State.

Was Quite Enjoyable.

Quite a number of the Mt. Airy and Winston-Salem excursionists went down to Carolina Beach last night and participated in the big dance at the pavilion. The occasion proved quite enjoyable, so declared those who came back on the late boat which arrived at the Market street dock at 12.30 this morning.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton, November 2nd, 3rd and 4th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

A ROYAL WELCOME.

Programme for Reception of Naval Reserves Carried Out Without a Hitch.

FRANKLIN McNEILL'S SPEECH.

Long and Imposing Parade—Salute of Seven Guns Fired—Flags Everywhere Visible—Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy Makes Address.

There wasn't a single hitch in the reception given the crew of the *Nantucket* yesterday morning. The carefully arranged programme as printed in the STAR of yesterday was observed almost to the letter. The platoon of police, in command of Chief John R. Melton, was there. So was all the military, including the home reserves, the reserve and veteran corps of the Wilmington Light Infantry, the two boys' brigades, the old Confederates (whose affectionate energy in doing honor to the young sailor lads was most touching), and a delegation from Zeb Vance Division of the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, consisting of Col. W. J. Woodward and Messrs. Martin Newman, W. F. Robertson and F. B. Rice. The fire department in charge of Chief Chas. Schnibben and Assistant Chief. W. P. Monroe joined the parade, and the shrill whistle of Engine Company No. 1 added no little to the liveliness of the occasion. Of course the whole affair would have been a failure without the Second Regiment Band which in spite of the sickness of several members was in the parade and rendered some excellent music.

The parade was a long and imposing one. The crowd of people accompanying it was anything but small. Every face wore a look of pleased expectancy and it is doubtful if a more light hearted crowd ever gathered.

The train, consisting of a Pullman, two passenger coaches, and a baggage car, pulled in just about on time, perhaps a few minutes after eight o'clock. It had to run on a slow schedule and stop awhile at the bluff to keep from getting here ahead of time. As it pulled around the curve the gay young tars could be seen on the car platforms and steps—the cars were all empty so eager were the boys to tread New Hanover soil again. The train hadn't stopped before cordial greetings and affectionate hand clasps were exchanged.

As the train was coming to a standstill the air was split with the sound of one of the Naval Reserves howitzers, giving the first of a salute of seven guns. Simultaneously the Second Regiment Band played "Dixie" with a will. The famous old tune evoked cheer after cheer.

At the word of command the *Nantucket* crew, bronzed by the sun, filed off the cars and continued the work of handshaking that had been started before the train stopped. Soon Bugler A. G. Redd called the men together and Lieut. McIlhenny's sharp command "Fall in" was given and obeyed. The reserves then marched out to the waiting paraders. In good time the parade was formed and began its triumphal march down Front street in the order already indicated.

It was a splendid parade. The surroundings were altogether auspicious. Great flags on tall buildings bade the young sailors welcome, and numerous small flags in the hands of young and old had their own effect in producing additional liveliness. Passing down the street, the eye was struck with the brilliant display of bunting of all colors which draped Dr. Nutt's drug store. Just a little furtheg the "Welcome Home" of the Merchant's Association arranged in so unique a manner awoke a thrill of joy in every sailor's heart. Passing up Market street it was noticed that the Bonetz House was gaily decorated. And so everywhere there were evidences of the joy at the crew's return. Who will forget the parade? Who will not cherish among his most pleasant experiences the home-coming of Wilmington Division of Naval Reserves?

At the Armory.

The line of march was down Front to Market, up Market to Fifth, up Fifth to Princess and down Princess to the Naval Reserves Armory. The Reserves marched up to their old armory, whose comforts they did not forget while they were away. They lined up in front of the rostrum. It was understood that Franklin McNeill, Esq., was to speak first and he responded to the numerous cries for "McNeill," "McNeil," in the following graceful speech:

Fellow Soldiers and Fellow Citizens:

I have the pleasure and the honor of speaking a word of welcome to you on this most happy occasion. When a few months ago the Chief Magistrate of this nation called for volunteers to fight the battles of our country, your patriotism caused you to offer yourselves. In a short time posts of duty were assigned you, and orders were issued for your departure from our midst. Many were the heartaches at the separation, but all of your friends and neighbors felt a thrill of pride as you marched away, so confident were they that in whatever position you would be placed, you would do your duty and reflect credit and honor upon the place of your nativity and your State and your country. The war was a short one, but full of events. The proud and boastful Spanish nation was in this short period compelled to sue for peace. The geographical position of the contending parties settled the matter that it was to be largely a naval war. In this short space of time all of the Spanish fleet that could be found was annihilated and wonderful to tell with great loss of life to them and only one life on our side in battle. Critics are bound to say that these marvelous victories are attributable to the men who compose our navy. In this short period numerous incidents of individual bravery occurred which will be recorded by the historian, and which have never been supassed in the world's history. Among these heroes the most conspicuous will be found from our loved Southland. Our dear old State furnished her quota of troops and furnished them promptly, and among the victims laid upon our country's altar were two of her well known sons, the gallant and brave Bagley and Shipp. It was not your privilege to be engaged in any battle, I believe, owing to the place to which you were assigned, but you are entitled to as much honor as if you had been.

The hearts of this community followed you in your departure, and their prayers ascended constantly to the God of Battle, who rules the destiny of men and nations that you might be spared and returned to them again. These prayers have been answered and the happiness of this community is inexpressible. Again I welcome you in their name.

When Mr. McNeill sat down amid the cheers of the throng of officers, sailors, and spectators, Jno. D. Bellamy, Esq., Democratic candidate for Congress, was called for. The enthusiasm with which his name was called was immense. He made a stirring speech. Told the boys that though by the place to which they had been assigned to duty they hadn't fought a battle, they deserved all the honor and credit that would have been theirs if they had fought. He dwelt upon the almost miraculous achievements of the American navy, and said that although Trafalgar, Aboukir, and Copenhagen had been laid down in history as three of the greatest naval victories, the battles of Manila and Santiago would go down in history without a parallel. Admiral George Dewey he characterized as being the greatest naval officer the world had ever seen, and when he said this the Reserves broke into a regular roar of cheers. Mr. Bellamy spoke extemporaneously, but his unfeigned gladness at seeing the boys home again, and the eloquent and sincere way in which he expressed his joy, swept a responsive chord in the hearts of the boys, and as he concluded the roof was fairly lifted from the armory with three cheers which they gave for "the next Congressman, Mayor S. P. Wright was then called on and he made a few remarks of welcome.

Commander Morton then stated that the men would be expected to come to quarters at 9.30 A. M. and 5 P. M. on the postoffice green until they can be mustered out. He will have his headquarters on the second floor of the postoffice building. He will be assisted by Chief Yeoman W. W. Vick as usual, and Assistant Paymaster W. C. Jones will be on hand to pay off the men.

After the speech making and orders from the officers, the Reserves were invited to partake of a repast which thoughtful hands had prepared, Mrs. E. Warren & Son had kindly donated a large quantity of ice cream. Also there were sandwiches, fruits, etc., which the boys did full justice to.

The Reserves were slow in getting to their homes. They were not in any hurry about getting away from the armory. When they did get out their progress was so besieged with people who wanted to welcome them back that some of them were hours and hours in getting to their places of abode.

The Reserves are to be mustered out of service at once. It will not be possible to discharge and pay them all off in a day, but a number will be mustered out each day until all are made citizens again. Each member of the crew has to undergo a physical examination by Assistant Surgeon J. M. Ward before he is discharged.

The roster of the offices and crew as they arrived yesterday is as follows:

Officers.

Commander—Lieut. Geo. L. Morton.
Executive Officer—Lieut. H. H. McIlhenny.
Navigator—Lieut. T. M. Morse.
Senior Watch Officer—Lieut. W. M. Atkinson.
Lieutenant (Junior Grade)—R. H. McKoy.
Ensign—Hugh L. Miller.
Ensign—W. B. Coleman.
Assistant Paymaster—W. C. Jones.
Assistant Engineer—W. A. Furlong.
Assistant Surgeon—J. M. Ward.
Chief Yeoman—W. W. Vick.
Chief Yeoman—H. N. Parsley.
Chief Master-at-arms—W. H. Hodges.
Chief Carpenter's Mate—J. J. Furlong.
Chief Gunner's Mate—L. L. Corbett.
Chief Boatswain's Mate—Jno. W. Cotten, Jr.
Chief Quartermaster—J. S. Williams.
Chief Machinists—Charles Lindquist, Jos. Zemelcka, and Robert Morse.
Apothecary—W. I. Taylor.

Petty Officers.

Petty officers, First Class—quartermaster, Chas. E. Gause; boatswain's mate, Fred S. Burr; machinist, J. F. Maunder, Jr.; boiler maker, J. A. White; water tenders, T. W. Barr, G. P. Penny, and A. H. Dicksy; blacksmith, C. A. Steed. Second Class—boatswain's mates, D. D. Barbarber and J. A. Pearce; gunner's mates, M. L. Skipper and H. N. Latham; yeoman, James E. Holton; quartermaster, H. P. Peschau; machinsit H. B. Williams; oilers, E. L. Burriss, A. T. Piver and Frank Williams. Third Class—coxswains, J. S. Lane, A. M. Parker, Jr., S. K. Devaney, W. E. Dosher; Master-at-arms, J. W. Robinson; quartermaster, W. M. Wiley, gunner's mates, J. B. Clement and Jas. Soraby; painter, A. M. Williams; yeoman, W. S. Bernard; Bayman, J. H. Newburry; ship wright, W. F. Sumlin.

Seamen.

First Class—W. A. Campbell, J. S. Davis, A. F. Gibson, A. Hergenrother, S. A. Matthews. Second Class—L. G. Hancock, G. S. Lewis, S. M. McNabb, J. E. Platt, R. J. Sellers, James Sinclair. Third Class—O. L. Bagwell, J. E. Coswell, J. K. Chestnut, E. E. Fulcher, J. M. Loftin, Z. T. Lumley, H. G. McFarlane, J. G. Marshall, D. E. Taylor, T. A. Whitney.

Firemen.

First Class—Ike Pinner, Charles Smith, Joseph Sullivan and W. F. Watson. Second Class—E. W. Branch, R. M. Cain, J. W. King and Fred Neff.

Messman Branch.

Ship's cook (First Class), T. M. Trent; ward room cook, James Muldrow; ship's cook, (Fourth Class), Louis Bryant; cabin cook, Simon Richardson; ward room steward, Thos. Holmes; cabin steward, Wm. Simmons; mess attendants, Chas. Martin, John Myers, Griffin Allen, Robert Thomas, D. H. McClerney.

Complimentary to Reserves.

Capt. Harper's excursion to Carolina Beach in honor of the Reserves was a great success. They appreciated the kindly spirit in which the offer was made and large numbers of them took advantage of the delightful trip. They made a jolly crowd on board the *Wilmington* and also on the beach. The last boat left the beach last night at 12 o'clock.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There was no Mayor's Court yesterday.

— Regular meeting of Chamber of Commerce to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

— The STAR is authorized to pay 25 cents each for 50 copies of the Wilmington *Daily Record* of Thursday, August 18th.

— Captain Jenkins expects to close his hotel on Carolina Beach on Thursday of this week. He and his family will return to Salem.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

— Janitor Jordan Branch, of the Court House, took a hand in the matter of a patriotic welcome for the boys of the *Nantucket*. He had "Old Glory" waving.

— Paul Cottle, the 16-year-old son of Mr. H. H. Cottle, 710 Wooster street, died yesterday morning at 2.25 o'clock. Appendicitis was the cause of death.

— Col. Kerchner desires to express his thanks and those of the whole community for the promptness with which the Second Regiment band volunteered their services for yesterday's parade.

— The erroneous impression prevails in some sections of the State that the *Daily Record*, the vile negro paper, has "shut up shop." The publication of the *Record* has not been suspended—nor has the editor.

— The White Government Union of the Second Ward will meet Thursday night at 8 P. M. at the rooms of the general headquarters in the old National Bank building. Let every white man in the ward attend.

— Hon. C. H. Martin, member of Congress for the Sixth District, requests the STAR to state that the examination for the Bingham scholarship will be conducted at Wadesboro on next Monday, September 5th, at 10 A. M.

— The Seashore Hotel has so many guests who wish to remain on the coast longer that the proprietor has decided not to close for the season on September 1st, as heretofore announced. Due notice will be given of the date when the hotel will close.

— Remember that the White Government Union of the Second Precinct of the Fourth Ward will meet to-night in the old First National Bank building, on Front street. This precinct is bounded by Dock, Church, Seventh and Fourth streets, the centre of the streets being the line.

NEW TRAVELLING AGENT.

Mr. Will. H. Harrison, who has so acceptably filled the position of Travelling Agent and Correspondent of THE MORNING STAR for nearly a year past, has resigned that position to engage in other business, and is succeeded by Mr. James Pearsall, of Dunn. Mr. Pearsall has travelled extensively the territory in which the STAR circulates so largely, and is in every way thoroughly qualified for the work he has undertaken. We commend him to our friends, and will appreciate any courtesies he may receive at their hands.

Residence Fired On.

At 1 o'clock Monday night Mr. R. M. McIntire's family, who live on the corner of Ninth and Market streets, were greatly frightened by a terrific noise somewhere about the house. They got up and searched faithfully to find out what made the noise, but did not succeed. Yesterday morning it was discovered that a bullet had been shot through the front door. It was found in the passage, and appeared to have come from a 32-calibre pistol. Mr. McIntire cannot imagine why the shot was fired. In any light it was a most wanton proceeding, and, Mr. McIntyre thinks, emphasizes the long felt want of a policeman in that section of the city.

New Postoffices.

Mr. H. D. Burkhimer, a clever railway postal clerk, showed a STAR reporter yesterday a list of some new postoffices named in honor of the heroes of the late war. Among them is Dewey, Randolph county; Sampson, Richmond county; Hobson, Nansemond county, Va. There has been a Bagley postoffice in Johnston county for some time. The notoriety of the Klondike has caused that name to be given to a new postoffice in Bladen county.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

THE YACHT RACE YESTERDAY.

Carolina Club's August Regatta a Splendid Success—Nixie and Mabel Were the Winners.

The announcement in the STAR Sunday morning that the Carolina Yacht Club would sail their August race Tuesday afternoon was most welcome news to a host of people in Wilmington and on the beach, and yesterday a good crowd of yacht enthusiasts were assembled on the club pavilion where the race started and along the course wherever the best views of the course could be obtained. There was a fairly good breeze and the course was in excellent condition.

The start was not made until 5.30 o'clock, and when the race was sailed to a finish it was found that the laurels of first prize winner were borne off by the *Nixie*, Capt. George Harriss, Jr., and that the *Mabel*, Capt. Edwin Metts, had won the second prize. Four yachts participated. As awards for the fastest sailing the *Nixie* will fly the new club flag at the next regatta, and her gallant captain will have his choice between a lovely silver cup gold lined and a couple of handsome hat brushes in a lovely leather case. One or the other of these prizes will be awarded Capt. Metts for the excellent second sailed by the *Mabel*.

The yachts which participated in the race and the order of their start, finish and time were as follows:

Nixie, Capt. George Harriss; start, 5:36:36; finish, 6:51:49; time, 1:15:13.

Mabel, Capt. Edwin Metts; start, 5:31:06; finish, 6:54:40; time, 1:23:34.

Frolic, Capt. Junius Davis; start, 5:35; finish, 7:02:05; time, 1:27:05.

Bertha, Capt. Charles Worth; start, 5:30; finish, 7:01:50; time, 1:31:50.

The races were in charge of the Carolina Club regatta committee—Messrs. W. A. Wright, W. F. Robertson and F. A. Lord, who also served as judges.

The new regatta flag, the honor of flying which was won by the *Nixie*, was received only a few weeks ago and is the same design as the old flag which has been in use by the club since its organization. The latter is furled and nicely framed and suspended in the club house.

A PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT.

At Winnabow Monday Night, Directed by Mrs. Jackson Johnson.

A patriotic entertainment was given by the Winnabow Literary and Historical Club Monday night under the management of Mrs. Jackson Johnson. The school house in which the entertainment was given was beautifully decorated with large flags and lovely flowers.

The programme was divided into four parts. "Our County," "Our Flag" "Our Washington" "Miscellaneous."

The entertainment was opened by the singing of "America" by the club after which Mr. Edwin Taylor recited "Hail Columbia;" this was followed by a recitation by Miss Kate McRae Johnson, entitled, "America," which was beautifully rendered, following in order "Columbia," by Miss Taylor; "Ye Sons of Columbia" by Mercer Taylor and "America Hymns" by Foster Pridgen. The club then sang "Home, Sweet Home," which was heartily encored. Miss Mattie Taylor read an interesting article on the origin of this beautiful song. This ended the first part of the entertainment.

Part second, "Our Flag," was opened by a recitation called "Voices of the Flag," which was ably rendered by Mrs. Johnson. Other features were "Ode to the American Flag," by Miss Taylor; "Battle Hymn of the Republic," by Miss Bennett; "Our Flag," by Mr. Walter Sawyer; "The Star Spangled Banner" was then sung by the club, and Miss Taylor very beautifully recited the incident that caused Francis Scott Key to write the piece. The next piece was called "Our Flag is There," and was as well recited by Miss Kate Johnson.

The third part—"Our Washington," was opened by Mr. Pridgen reading the character of Washington and his farewell address. Then followed reading "Hymn to Washington's Birthday," by Miss Henry; "Washington's Vow," by Mrs. Johnson; "Mt. Vernon Bells," sung by club. Features of the miscellaneous and last section of the programme were "Running for Governor," recitation by Edwin Taylor; "Good Old Days," by Foster Pridgen; "America is Ahead of Them All," by Mercer Taylor. The club then very enthusiastically sung "Yankee Doodle" which closed the evening's entertainment. Too much praise cannot be given to Mrs. Johnson for her untiring efforts in trying to instil in the hearts of the young girls and boys a love for the history and literature of our glorious country.

Thrust Head Through Window.

Yesterday morning about eleven o'clock there was some excitement at the mouth of Racket Store alley on Front between Dock and Orange streets. John Merritt, colored, was driving out of the alley with a load of wood on his dray. The horse slipped and fell and in trying to get up thrust his head into a window of the restaurant on the north corner of the alley. The window was shattered and the horse's head was considerably gashed.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

DANCE AT CAROLINA BEACH.

Hanover Seaside Club House Opened to Nantucket Crew and Excursionists. A Delightful Evening.

Last night was unusually gay on Carolina Beach. Hanover Seaside Club tendered to the crew of the *Wilmington* the use of the club houses for their dance complimentary to the crew of the *Nantucket*, and there were besides many excursionists and denizens of the beach who shared the many pleasures of the event. Dancing was in progress from 6 to 11.30 P. M. All the privileges of the club house were extended to the *Nantucket* boys. The crew of the *Wilmington* wish to thank the clubmen through the club's house committee, Mr. Martin Rathijen, Mr. F. Richter and E. P. H. starbuck.

The committee from the boat crew to look after the excursionists was Chief Engineer Philip. Platt, Mate Peter Jorgison, and Pursers B. F. Swann and R. C. Banks. Messrs. S. A. Greelish and R. C. Platt were managers at the dance, and all the crew say that John Cotton, of the *Nantucket* was an invaluable assistant.

A Prisoner Escapes.

Isaac Johns, the negro arrested here a few days ago by policeman Murray and Temple charged with burning a house at Phoenix, Brunswick county, owned by Justice Moore, escaped from the officer yesterday while he was escorting him to Southport for commitment to await the Criminal Court. The officer's name was Jake Wilson, and the escape was made at the Carolina Beach pier while the *Wilmington*, on which the officer and his prisoner were going to Southport, was drawing up to the dock. He leaped overboard, gained the pier and made good his escape before he could be caught.

Escaped Housebreaker Caught.

A negro, charged with housebreaking and theft, who had broken out of the jail at Goldsboro, was captured here yesterday and is now held in the New Hanover jail subject to orders from the authorities at Goldsboro. The arrest was made by jailor King, assisted by Deputy Teachy. They found him near the Front street market. He gave them a lively chase for a square or more. After they had locked him in jail he acknowledged that he was the right party. It is expected that officers will be here to-day or to-morrow.

Excursion Yesterday.

There were 223 passengers on Mr. J. R. Paddison's excursion from Mount Airy and Greensboro. The excursion train, consisting of five coaches and a baggage car, arrived at 5.45 P. M. The *Wilmington* took some of the excursionists to Carolina Beach. Others came across on the *Compton* and took the Seacoast train for Wrightsville beach.

The excursionists will go to sea to-day on the *Wilmington*. The Greensboro contingent will leave to-night at 6 o'clock; the others will leave to-morrow night at 8.

Wilmington and Raleigh.

Mr. S. A. Schloss, who is the lessee of the Opera House at Wilmington and the Academy of Music at Raleigh, has completed his list of assistants. At the Academy of Music, Mr. H. H. B. Bunch is to be general manager and Mr. Julian Timberlake will be treasurer. Mr. T. H. Wright who has done such excellent service heretofore as treasurer will be retained in the same position. Mr. James H. Cowan has been promoted from assistant treasurer to the important position of general manager.

S. A. L. Officials.

Mr. R. Curzon Hoffman, of Baltimore, President of the Seaboard Air Line, and Mr. J. H. Sharp, of Portsmouth, Treasurer, arrived yesterday afternoon at 5.40 P. M. in a private car attached to the A. C. L. train. Their car was transferred to the Seacoast road and taken down to Wrightsville beach on the 7.15 Seacoast train. They will come up at 11.30 this morning to attend a meeting of the Seaboard directors at 1 o'clock at the Front street office.

Canoe Race.

In a canoe race in the Bank's Channel at Wrightsville Monday afternoon, the *R. N. S.* was the winner. The other canoes were *Hepzibar*, (a close second), *Mic Mac*, *Dolphin*, *Little Rob* and *Reckless*. It was an exciting race and was witnessed by a large crowd of spectators. Miss Anna Savage was the judge.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Office Furniture For Sale at Auction.

On Wednesday next, 31st inst., at 12 o'clock M., we will sell within our office, 120 Princess street, all of the Office Furniture contained therein, consisting of Desks, Tables, Chairs, Clock, Iron Safe, Stove, Block Books, &c., &c.

Aug. 28, 1898. ORONLY & MORRIS.
su we au 29 2t

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 8.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 6 P. M. trains, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent.
to 29 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.
au 14 tf

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Occupying unsurpassed facilities to pack D. S. MEATS of all kinds, it stands to reason we should have your trade or enquiries, and we shall take pleasure to REPLY PROMPTLY. We carry

Ribs, Butts, Bellies, Lard, Grain, Flour, CIGARS.

If you are looking for the RIGHT PLACE to spend your money, we are the people,

Vollers & Hashagen,

Warehouse A. C. Line trackage, Nutt St.
au 28 tf

See Our Display of Fine Fruits To-day.

BANANAS
12 and 15c dozen.

NOTICE.—On October 15th we will remove to the Store now occupied by W. H. Green & Co., Druggists, No. 119 Market St.

LOOK OUT FOR OUR BIG OPENING!

PALACE BAKERY.
au 27 tf

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.

Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.

Aluminum Pocket Seals,

The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.

A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS.
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES, STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.
jy 2 tf

R. P. Oats.

800 Bushels R. P. Oats.
400 Bushels Feed Oats.
100 Boxes Soap.
125 Boxes M. Lye.
150 Ounces Quinine.
200 Boxes Tobacco.
110 Boxes Smoking Tobacco.
25 Barrels Rice.
50 Bags Wheat Bran.
90 Boxes A. & H. Soda.
25 Boxes G. M. Soda.

Write for Latest Price List.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
au 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

TERRIBLE MISMANAGEMENT.

The blundering in the management of the troops called into the service at the outbreak of the war with Spain was bad enough but the management after Gen. Shafter's army reached Cuba, and since the war has closed has been as bad or worse, worse because there was less if there was any excuse for it. When volunteers were called for and the regiments organized they were hurried off to camps with a rush that might indicate that they were to be sent at once to meet the enemy. If this had been the intention the rush would not have been greater, and the result was that thousands of men were gathered into camps which had been but poorly prepared for them, and there they had to remain for weeks on short or inferior rations waiting for the clothing and equipment that they should have been furnished as soon as they went into camp—if not before. The management of the troops in our camps is a blistering shame to those responsible for it, although they try to excuse it by saying that the rapidity with which the troops were mustered in, and the little time there was for preparation made it impossible to properly care for them and quickly clothe and equip them.

This may to some extent be true, but where was the necessity for calling more than two hundred thousand men into the service and crowding them into ill-chosen camps to suffer for food and contract disease? Nobody ever seriously believed that such an army would be necessary in the war with Spain, and the only apparent reason for calling out so many men was to furnish an object lesson showing what an army this country could put in the field if necessary. But when they were doing this they were also furnishing the people of this country an object lesson in blundering if not criminal mismanagement that clouds the victories our soldiers and sailors won.

More men have died of diseases resulting from unhealthy camps, improper food and lack of competent medical attention than were killed and wounded on our side in the war, and many of these men have died within a day's ride by rail of their homes and in the sight of abundance to eat, and near large cities where all that a sick man needed in the way of medicines or delicacies could be quickly provided.

There isn't a camp where soldiers have been gathered in large numbers which has not furnished its sad chapters to this shameful story of bungling, if not worse, the result either of incompetence, red-tape or of indifference. Some of the camps in Florida have been characterized as "pest holes," where men heavily clothed were compelled to do duty in almost tropical heat, where their supplies of food were totally unfit and their supplies of drinking water the kind that produces fatal sickness. In the midst of healthful fruit and vegetables and fresh meats easy to be gotten their rations consisted of fat bacon, corned beef, hard tack and black coffee. The result was, of course, sickness, dissatisfaction and a rapidly matured disgust for the service.

Chickamauga is not on the frontiers. It is within a few hours ride by rail of some large cities and a day's ride of a number of the leading cities of the country. But there the soldiers have suffered privation, and hundreds are prostrated with sickness, much of which was preventable by anything like ordinary good management or care. Visiting physicians have pronounced it a disgrace to the Government.

Montauk Point, L. I., is within a few hours ride of the great metropolis of New York. But it is another disgrace, worse, perhaps, than Chickamauga, because it is so near two large cities where everything necessary to provide for well men or sick men can be procured on a few hours notice. This was the recuperating camp selected for the disease-stricken army which captured Santiago. There was plenty of time to get it in readiness for these returning sick men for it took weeks to remove them after this camp had been selected and yet when the first ship load arrived, when they got to camp there were not tents enough to cover them, they had to sleep on the ground in the open air and with difficulty the officers in command succeeded in securing tents enough to shelter those who were too sick to sleep on the ground. Another ship load arrived a few days ago and there were not cots enough for the sick among them. These returned fighters who had faced Spanish guns and death like born heroes, and captured positions which the foreign officers who witnessed the fighting said could not be captured, had been brought home, many of them in over-crowded ships, with little food and less medicine to be taken into camp where they fared little better than they did in the over-crowded floating pest houses.

The story is a horridly shameful one, and if it had not been for the good women whose humanity brought them to that camp to look after the returning soldiers it would have been a more shameful and a more tragic one.

Men have died in that camp from the effects of starvation, within sight of their homes, and men debilitated by lack of proper nourishment have been compelled to do work that only the strong and able-bodied should be called upon to do. And yet there were car loads of food and delicacies furnished as voluntary contributions by the friends of the soldiers, which were left in the cars unopened for days until much of the perishable kind had decayed and become unfit for use.

When General Wheeler took command he, on authority from Washington, made his requisition for such things as he thought the well and sick needed, and afterwards found his orders countermanded by the Commissary General at Washington, who thought he knew more about that business and the needs of the soldiers than General Wheeler did.

The opening chapter was bad enough, but the concluding chapter of this horrid story of blundering, if not criminal mismanagement, is worse and more shameful. Somebody is responsible for it, and that somebody, or these somebodies, should be held to rigid account.

DOCKERY THEN AND NOW.

Office Hunter Dockery's political record has been a slippery one in late years, but in this he is consistent, for it has been slippery all along. Before the negro became a voter he didn't believe the negro, slave or free, had any rights the white man was bound to respect, but since the negro has become a ballot-wielder he runs with him whenever he finds it to his advantage to do so.

He made his appearance in public life as a member of the Legislature of 1858–'59. In that Legislature he favored a bill which had been introduced to remove free negroes from the State. The consideration of that bill was indefinitely postponed, but Dockery voted against postponement.

In the same Legislature a bill was introduced to enforce the collection of debts from free negroes. The bill provided that free negroes owing debts could be put up for public hire for a period of five years or less. Dockery voted against a motion to indefinitely postpone the consideration of that bill. Then a motion was made to lay the bill on the table and kill it. Dockery voted against that.

In the same Legislature a bill was introduced to prevent emancipation of slaves by will. A motion was made to lay that bill upon the table and kill it, but Dockery voted no.

An amendment was offered to this bill authorizing free negroes to become slaves. Dockery voted for that. The bill was defeated, but when it came up on its final passage Dockery voted for it. In other words he voted against the negro every time; voted to drive free negroes out of the State, to reduce free negroes to slavery, against permitting their masters to emancipate them by will, and for free negroes to become slaves.

But ever since the negroes have become voters he has been posing as their friend and champion, has been cheek by jowl with them, has sat with them in political council and sopped out of the same dish, and has voted for negroes in his own county against white men who had the respect and confidence of every one.

He is with the negro now simply because he depends upon the negro to be elected to the offices to which he aspires, and he is a chronic aspirant to office. That's one of the weaknesses of the Dockery family. Of course this doesn't make any difference with the negroes, for he will continue to pull the wool over their eyes and lead them by the nose as he has been doing ever since he got into the same camp with them.

PAYING FOR FUSION.

The Radical-Populist fusion combine which is now in control of this State went into power on the cry of popular rights, a free ballot and a fair count, low taxation and economy in public expenditures.

They have shown their respect for popular rights by revolutionizing the government of a number of Eastern counties and cities and putting the negro over the white man.

They have shown the hypocrisy in the cry for a free ballot and a fair count by the most corrupt elections ever held in the State.

They have shown their hypocrisy in their talk about economy and reduction of expenditures, by spending more money than was ever before, under Democratic rule, spent in the same time and with less to show for it.

In his speech at Pittsboro, Chatham county, recently, Hon. C. B. Aycock took the Auditor's reports and showed that in 1895–'96 and '97 the State government had cost $400,000 more than it did in the three preceding years under Democratic rule.

Much of this money went to pay salaries to henchmen whose services were not needed, but were put into positions to pay them for political services rendered. Nearly every department of the government shows these supernumeraries who are drawing salaries, but rendering little or no service, while the salaries of others have been increased to pay them for political work done. The cry of retrenchment has never gone so far as to reduce salaries or the per diem of party wards nor in reducing the number of officers, but on the contrary increasing them.

This is the kind of reform and retrenchment the combine gang has given us.

NEGRO RULE IN CRAVEN.

Yesterday we published an article showing how the negro was getting on top in Bertie county. Craven is another county which is enjoying the benefits of Radical-Populist fusion legislation, and the luxury of negro rule. The following shows how the sable brother has waltzed to the front in that county. The roll up to the present stands thus:

County Commissioners	1
Board of Education	1
School Committeemen	13
Magistrates	26
Deputy Sheriffs	4
Jailor	1
Policemen	5
Register of Deeds	1
" Deputies	2
Aldermen (in Newbern)	3
City Attorney	1
Coroner	1

This is the roll as it now stands, but they are not satisfied with that for at the Republican county convention recently held they nominated a negro for the General Assembly and endorsed a negro for solicitor.

As the negroes have an overwhelming majority in that county a nomination is equivalent to an election, and the white people can't help it. But the white voters of other counties can help them by voting to oust from power the combine that made this outrage possible and restoring white supremacy under which white people can live without degradation.

— "Let me read you a few lines," he said. "Certainly," she replied. He then proceeded to read them, after which she exclaimed: "Well, of all the silly trash I ever heard, that is the worst!" "I know it," he assented. "Those are the words of that beautiful song you sang a moment ago."—*Cleveland Leader.*

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POINTS POLITICAL.

COLORED INSURGENTS.

While in Greensboro yesterday the writer was informed that there are a large number of insurgents in Guilford, many of whom are colored men. They have sworn vengeance against the "court house ring," as the present Republican officials are termed. —*Winston Sentinel.*

FOR WHITE SUPREMACY.

J. N. London, Esq., of No. 5 township, brings encouraging reports from his section of the county. He says Populists and old line Republicans are going to vote the Democratic ticket. They are for white supremacy and are tired of fusion rule. No. 5 will do better this year than she has ever done before.—*Shelby Star.*

HOW IT WORKS IN IREDELL.

M. W. White, Esq., of Iredell, late chairman of the Populist executive committee of the Seventh Congressional district, has resigned as such and returned to the Democratic party. A Mecklenburg Populist has shown the *Observer* a letter from a prominent Populist of Iredell, in which he says that fusion with the Republicans has destroyed the Populist party of that county, and that Iredell is good for an old-time Democratic majority of 500 to 1,000 this year.—*Charlotte Observer.*

DISGUSTED WITH NEGRO SUPREMACY.

In Martin county there is such a change among decent white folks as has never been seen. From every section of the county comes the most encouraging news, for the people are disgusted with negro supremacy. Never before have negroes sat in judgment on our school boards to say to whom our children should go to school. We never thought we would live to see a negro magistrate in Martin county. In some townships that cast over forty votes last election there is not one white anti-Democratic vote now. They are coming home to their first love, the white man's party.—*Greenville Weekly.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Marion *Messenger:* Mr. H. A. Tate threshed this season 5,500 bushels of grain; Mr. Edgar McCall, 4,500 bushels, and another party in this section 5,600 bushels, showing, as we are told, a larger yield of wheat than usual.

— Asheboro *Courier:* Good crops and Democratic success this Fall will make us forget the misfortunes of the past. The corn crop is magnificent and cotton and other crops promise well. The fine crops will help to recompense for the disaster caused by the war tax and small pox.

— Henderson *Gold Leaf:* When Mr. Henry Pirie went out to his lot Sunday morning he found one of his horses lying dead upon the ground and almost totally disemboweled. Mr. Pirie had a sharp horned cow around the lot that was quite familiar with the horses about feeding time and she gored the horse to death sometime during the night.

— Lenoir *Topic:* Last Friday evening during the heavy rain and thunder storm which swept over the greater portion of the county, Mr. W. H. Smith, a son of Mr. J. N. Smith, who lives near Lenoir, was killed by a stroke of lightning in Little River township. —— The County Superintendent of Public Schools in Watauga has been removed from office by the Board of Education in that county and Prof. G. P. Jones, who formerly lived here has been appointed to fill the vacancy. The superintendent who was removed had been aiding a chart swindler in imposing upon the school committeemen.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* Col. W. H. Cowles and little daughter who were bitten by a mad dog on the 16th instant went to New York for the purpose of taking the Pasteur treatment, but finding the hospital in the in the city closed, and that the doctor in chief was engaged in superintending the erection of another forty miles out of the city, the arrangements for the accommodation and treatment of patients was not such as Col. Cowles liked to risk, so that he returned to Baltimore. In a private letter to a friend Col. Cowles says: "We are having the full benefit of the Pasteur treatment, administered in Paris today—our room and attention in the hospital is excellent—it is under the superintendency of the Sisters of Mercy who are very kind to my little daughter. Our physicians are confident of an ultimate and complete recovery. We have fifteen days yet to remain."

TWINKLINGS.

— "I suppose your wife misses you a great deal?" inquired a lady of a commercial traveller. "Well, no. For a woman, she has a remarkably straight aim," was the reply.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

— "I am much flattered by your proposal, Count," said the girl from Chicago. "And ze beaut'ful Americaine weal not say me nay?" "Oh, no; simply nit!"—*Philadelphia North American.*

— Wallace—"What do yon deem the most charming age in woman?" Ferry—"From my observation, a woman of about thirty-five is harder to get away from than any other."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

— Hogan—"Oi'm goin' t' tek a thrip t' owld Oireland nixt month." Doyle—"Oi'd laugh iv they'd arrist yez for a dineymiter. Phwat wud yez do thin?" "Troth oi'd give thim a good blowin' up."—*Up to Date.*

— Turn About: "How much longer will I have to wait on you?" asked the impatient man of the busy clerk. "In a few minutes I shall be waiting on you," replied the clerk, with a smile.—*Philadelphia North American.*

— Too Extensive: "It is most unfortunate," commented the father who had just been notified of the arrival of twins. "This rapid extension of authority seems to give the lie to my protestations of anti-imperialism." —*Chicago Evening Post.*

— A Thoughtful Fiance: Jack—"Suppose I teach you to play cards now, and then you'll know all about it after we're married." Marie—"Won't that be lovely! What game will you teach me?" "Solitarie."—*Life.*

— Wife—"It seems to me we've been married a century. I can't even remember when or where we first met." Husband (emphatically)—"I can. It was at a dinner party, where there were thirteen at the table."—*Chicago News.*

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

A WILY OLE CLO' MAN

HOW HE STOPPED THE YOUNG MAN AND GOT A QUARTER.

Explaining a Few Secrets of the Trade. Why Some Well Dressed Men Are Solicited While Others Are Never Approached—Trading With the "Valley."

For a long time the young man had wondered why all the old clothes men in town had picked him out from all the other young men in the street and offered to buy his old clothes, hats, shoes and shirts and give him fabulous prices for them.

At first the offers had flattered him, and he felt that indeed he must be a well dressed young man to be noticed even by as humble a person as an old clothes man, but as the offers became more frequent and the would be buyers more insistent doubt took the place of pride, and he began to suspect that it might be something besides his immaculate make up that drew the merchants to him.

He noticed that, although they invariably accosted him, they had a way of totally ignoring other young men that were quite as well if not a great deal better dressed than he was. This discovery worried him and hurt his pride not a little. He decided that from the next one who tackled him he would find out just why he had done it and why he had not tackled the other young man.

He found out. The man who prowls up and down Broadway between Twenty-third and Twenty-eighth streets every afternoon gave him the information. After he had finished the old stereotyped speech, "I beg pardon, sir, but have you any old clothes or old shoes or hats to sell?" the young man stopped him.

"I haven't any old clothes, or old hats, or old shoes, or any other old things to sell, but if you'll come around the corner where we can be out of the way I'll just give you 25 cents to find out why you thought I had them to sell and why all your gang always think so."

The young man flipped a quarter from one hand to the other as an evidence of good faith, and the old clothes broker, wondering, but fierce for the quarter, followed him.

"Now," demanded the young man, when they had turned down Twenty-fifth street, "why is it that you struck me for old clothes and let that gentleman just ahead of me go along his way unmolested? He was as well dressed, wasn't he?"

"I get the quarter, do I, whether I hurts your feelings or not?" asked the merchant.

"You get the quarter, however much you lacerate my feelings. Go ahead."

"Well, sir," said the broker confidentially, "the reason I didn't ask that other gentleman was because he was better dressed than you. He don't look no nicer, you understand me," he added quickly, "but you see his clothes cost more when he bought 'em. They are made to order and costs him probably $50. We'll get 'em all right in time, but not from him.

"Now, while your clothes is nice and tidy and stylish, they ain't made to order and they didn't cost you no $50 when you bought them, and yet they didn't come from one of them $12 made to order places.

"Now, we has to be good judges of human nature in this business. We has to be able to pick out of that crowd on Broadway the young gentlemen who likes to look nice and stylish, but hasn't just got the price. We takes the men who we think have to study and worry around before getting a suit of clothes or an overcoat. Maybe they're thinking how they can get hold of a couple of dollars when we asks them. If they are, then we gets 'em.

"I've had 'em shake me off and walk a block before they thinks what I was saying. Then it occurs to 'em, and they walks back and says: 'You come around to So-and-so's. Maybe I've got an old suit you can have.'

"Time and again I've had that happen, and let me tell you now I don't get the old suit they were going to let me have without working for it. They have an idea I'm going to give them a few dollars less than they pays for it, and that is where they gets fooled. In these days of garments made to order for $8 or $10 they ain't no money in this business for us."

"Well, you never tackled me and had me walk a block and come back, did you?" the young man asked.

"Maybe I never did, but we all has to take chances. Now, you looked as if you might come back. Not that I think you were thinking about where to get $2 or $5, but you have that kind of appearance."

"What kind of an appearance is that kind?"

"Well," replied the broker, "while you look jaunty all right, you look as if you didn't get that way without studying and thinking about it. Your trousers look as if you might have creased them yourself, and your coat don't match them, and your vest don't match your coat. Your collar ain't one of them 40 centers either, and your shoes have been patched and you put blacking over 'em to hide the patch. Ain't I right?"

The young man admitted that he was.

"But you said you would get that other chap's clothes somehow. How are you going to do that?"

"Through his servant. That's where we gets 90 per cent of our good clothes. That man has either got a valley of his own or else there is a man in the house where he lives. When he gets tired of the clothes, he gives them to his valley or to the servant in the house, and they gives 'em to us. All those valleys for the dudes knows were we lives, and they comes right around and gives us their trade.

"Say, and they ain't so easy, either. They all throws a bluff that their bosses told 'em not to sell under a certain price, and they holds out sometimes for an hour or so, but I notice they generally comes to an agreement whether the boss says so or not.

"I ain't deceiving you, though, about there being no money in the business. We buys summer clothes in the fall, has to store 'em all winter, and fix 'em up in the spring, so they're in style and keep the moths out, and we has to do the same thing in winter. There ain't no money in it after it's all done. Does I get the quarter now?"

He got it.—New York Press.

Our Easy Language.

"Johnny, do you know where those pills are that were on my closet shelf?"

"Yes, ma. I took them."

"You took them. What do you mean? How many did you take?"

"I didn't take any. I gave them to sister to take, but nurse took them away from her, so she didn't take any."—Brooklyn Life.

In the old days, when fur was used in the manufacture of "stove pipe" hats, the American beaver was one of the most important of all mammals in the fur trade, but this manufacture has almost ceased.

Steam Power.

The steam power of the world may be reckoned as equivalent to the strength of 1,000,000,000 men, which is more than twice the number of workmen existing.

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. McNEILL, Chairman.

August 6, 1898.

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

How American Visitors Saw Tennyson.

Mr. V. C. Scott O'Connor contributes to the Century an article on "Mrs. Cameron, Her Friends and Her Photographs." The following new anecdote of the late laureate is told:

Mrs. Cameron's house at Freshwater, the rendezvous of many distinguished men and women, was in some sort the refuge of many whose hearts' desire it was to know Tennyson. No one she could help was ever turned away; none willingly would she have left "out of the feast of life." With Tennyson she was on terms of friendly intimacy, being in her relationship with him, as in all other matters, a law unto herself. She could and did say anything to him, though always within the limits set by high bred feeling and a heart that was never at fault. One day some American acquaintances of hers, visitors at Freshwater, went up to Farringford in the expectation of seeing Tennyson, but soon after they returned to Dimbola with a rueful tale of disappointment. "Oh, he won't see you?" she said. "Come with me!" And thereupon, hastily throwing on her shawl, she took them straightway to Farringford, entered the open hall door and marched them into the drawing room, where Mr. Tennyson and his wife were seated. "Alfred," she said, "these strangers come from a far country to see the lion of Freshwater, and"—waving her hand—"behold, a bear!"

Tennyson, ever gentle with his friends, caught her direct humor and broke into a hearty laugh, receiving his visitors in the kindliest manner.

The Doctor's Grace.

After the war General Robert E. Lee, when a college president, was a vestryman of Grace (Episcopal) church. General Pendleton, his former chief of artillery, was rector, and General Smith, superintendent of the Virginia Military institute, was also a vestryman. The latter was not on agreeable terms with the rector, and complained to the officers of the church that the cadets, among them his own son, were deserting the church of their fathers and that no persuasion could keep them from attending Dr. Pratt's church (Presbyterian). The doctor had a very beautiful daughter, Grace, and while General Smith was pushing his objections to the rector General Lee, with a twinkle in his eye, said to Smith, "General, possibly the magnet which attracts your son is not so much the doctor's eloquence as the doctor's Grace." The point silenced General Smith. —San Francisco Argonaut.

One of Columbus' First Impressions.

An interesting anecdote, indicating that in spite of our advances in civilization we have not changed fundamentally, is as follows:

On his return to the court, Columbus was asked by Queen Isabella if America was interesting to the tourist.

"Quite, your highness," he replied. "The scenery of America is superb, but their public buildings aren't anything to brag of."—Harper's Bazar.

The men theater goers at Brest think they have solved the high hat question. They carry with them big cushions, by which they elevate themselves above the millinery obstructions in front, which is all right providing there are women with big hats behind them.

It takes 37 specially constructed and equipped steamers to keep the submarine telegraph cables of the world in repair.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	6¾	@	7
Standard	7	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ lb		@	8
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	6
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	49
Virginia Meal		@	49
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	12	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 25
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 75	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	52½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ lb—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	67½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	5 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	[illegible]	@	6¼
Standard A		@	5¾
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	[illegible]	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ lb—Unwashed	8	@	15

"Lend a Hand!" is the cry of women whose housework is beyond their physical powers. Such women need to know that all cleaning is made easy by GOLD DUST Washing Powder

It's as good as an extra pair of hands in the household. It saves time and worry. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 27¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 26¾ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl bid for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, steady, 27c, 26½c; rosin steady, $1.15; $1.20; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine firm, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	71
Rosin	404
Tar	119
Crude Turpentine	35

Receipts same day last year.—56 casks spirits turpentine, 70 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 13-16	cts. ℔ lb.
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	4 13-16	" "
Middling	5¼	" "
Good Middling	5½	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—16 bales; same day last year, 32.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c; Spanish, 70 @80c.

CORN—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak; actual business in bankers' bills 484¾@485 for demand; 483@483¼ for sixty days. Posted rates—not quoted. Commercial bills 482 @482½. Silver certificates 59¾@60¼. Bar silver 59⅞. Mexican dollars 46½. Government bonds steady; U. S. new 4's, registered, 127@128; do. coupon, 127@128; U. S. 4's 111@112; do. coupon, 111½@112½; U. S. 2's, 98; U. S. 5's, registered, 112@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds—N. C. 6's 129; 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Rosin quiet. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, August 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 30.—Spirits turpentine 27½c; sales 935 casks; receipts 1,999 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 2,487 barrels; receipts 5,384 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Apathy reigned supreme throughout to-day's session on the cotton exchange with fluctuations the narrowest perhaps, in some weeks. The market opened dull with prices 3 points lower, subsequently recovered the loss on light local support and for the rest of the session failed to show positive leaning either one way or the other. A bearish interpretation of the initial English cables and a few scattered foreign selling orders were responsible for the early decline, while the reaction was due in good part to covering by tired shorts who saw no prospects of a radical change in the near future. The market showed some signs of wavering early in the afternoon, on the half hearted effect on the bear crowd. Some stronger bulls absorbed all these offerings, however, and the sellers soon became buyers. Scalpers operated in an indifferent way on both sides of the account. The few sales for European account early in the day were reported to be hedges against recent purchases of spot cotton in southern markets. The market closed quiet at a net loss of 2 to 3 points.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 5⅝c.

Cotton futures closed quiet; August nominal, September 5.51c, October 5.55c, November 5.58c, December 5.61c, January 5.65c, February 5.69c; March 5.72c, April 5.76c, May 5.80c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling gulf 6c; middling uplands 5⅝c; sales 1,298 bales.

Net receipts 100 bales; gross receipts 1,072 bales; exports to Great Britain 760 bales; sales to spinners 1,298 bales; stock (actual) 53,965 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 4,044 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,378 bales; stock 175,040 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 11,501 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,262 bales; exports to France 777 bales; exports to the Continent 2,123 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,562,907 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,529,714 bales; exports to France 816,469 bales; exports to the Continent 3,005,775 bales.

Aug. 30.—Galveston, steady at 5 7-16, net receipts 1,192 bales; Norfolk, dull at 5⅝c, net receipts 17 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 5¾c, net receipts 367 bales; Wilmington, dull at 5¼c, net receipts 16 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, dull at 5¼c, net receipts 404 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 5⅜c, net receipts 934 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5 5-16c, net receipts 53 bales; Memphis, quiet at 5¼c, net receipts 90 bales; Augusta, steady at 5¼, net receipts 415 bales; Charleston, quiet at 5c, net receipts 161 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Flour was inactive and barely steady, with prices 5@10c lower to sell: Minnesota patents $4 25@4 55. Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red 73¼@74¼c; options opened easier because of disappointing cables and ruled irregular all day; a period of midday strength, based on foreign buying, rains in the Northwest and light offerings, was followed by a late break under weakness in cash circles; closed ⅛@¼c net lower; sales included: No. 2 red May closed 68c; September closed 69⅛c; December closed 66⅝c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 36⅛c; options opened easy with wheat but, stimulated by adverse crop reports, turned stronger and closed ¼@⅜c net higher; September closed 34¼c; December closed 35⅛c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 26¼@27c; options quiet and unsettled, closing ⅛c net lower; September closed 24⅞c. Lard firm; Western steam closed $5 50; city $5 10@5 20; September $5 50, nominal. Pork steady; mess $9 25@9 75. Butter steady; Western creamery 14½@18½c; Western factory 11½@14c; Elgins 18½c; imitation creamery 13@16½c; State dairy 13@17c. Cheese dull; large white 7¼. Potatoes steady; Jersey $1 25@1 75; Long Island $1 37½@1 75; Jersey sweets $2 12½@2 50; Southern $1 25@1 50. Petroleum dull. Cabbage steady; Long Island $2 00@3 00. Cotton seed oil easy but not quotably lower; prime summer yellow 22½@23c; prime winter yellow 27@28c. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; mild, firm; good general business. Sugar—raw strong; fair refining 3 13-16c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5-16c; molasses sugar 3 9-16c; refined strong.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Wheat was steady. September closed ⅛@¼c higher and December rose ⅛c. Corn gained ⅛c. Oats are unchanged to ⅛c up. Pork and lard unchanged and ribs improved 2½c.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring 63c; No. 3 spring 61½@65c; No. 2 red 68c. Corn—No. 2 30½@30¾c. Oats—No. 2 21c; No. 2 white free on board, 23½@24½c; No. 3 white free on board, 22¾@23¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, $8 85@8 90. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 20@5 22½. Short rib sides, loose $5 20@5 50. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 50@4 75. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 75@5 85.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 August 68, 68, 67¾, 67¾; September 63⅞, 64⅛, 63¾, 64½c; December 61¾, 62⅜, 61¾, 62⅛; May 63⅝, 64¼, 63⅝, 64c. Corn—August 29⅞, 30⅜, 29¾, 30⅛c; September 29⅞, 30⅜, 29¾, 30⅛c; December 30¼, 30¾, 30¼, 30½c; May 32½, 33¼, 32½, 32⅞c. Oats—September 19⅞, 20⅛, 19⅞, 20c; May 22, 22¼, 22, 22⅛c. Pork, per bbl.—September $8 85, 8 87½, 8 82½, 8 85; October $8 85, 8 92½, 8 85, 8 92½; December $8 95, 9 02½, 8 95, 9 00. Lard, per 100 lbs—September $5 15, 5 20, 5 15, 5 17½; October $5 20, 5 25, 5 20, 5 20; December $5 25, 5 30, 5 25, 5 27½. Ribs per 100 lbs.—September $5 27½, 5 37½, 5 27½, 5 35; October $5 30, 5 37½, 5 30, 5 35.

BALTIMORE, August 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull—spot 77½@78c; month 77½@78c; September 69¾@69⅞c; October 69⅜@69⅝c; December 67⅛@67¼c. Southern wheat by sample 65@71c. Corn firmer—spot 34¼@34½c; month 34¼@34½c; September 34½@34⅝c; October 34¼@34⅜c. Southern white corn 33@35c. Oats easier; N. 2 white western 27c. Lettuce 75c per bushel box.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 30, 4 P. M.—Cotton—spot in moderate demand; prices 1-32d lower; American middling fair, 3 23-32d; good middling 3 15-32d; middling 3 5-16d; low middling 3 5-32d; good ordinary 3d; ordinary 2 12-16d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 5,600 bales American. Receipts 2,000 bales, including 1,800 American.

Futures opened quiet and steady with a moderate demand and closed steady. American middling (l. m. c.): August 3 13-64d@3 14-64d seller; August and September 3 12-64d@3 13-64d buyer; September and October 3 10-64d buyer; October and November 3 10-64d buyer; November and December 3 8-64d buyer; December and January 3 8-64d buyer; January and February 3 8-64d buyer; February and March 3 9-64d seller; March and April 3 9-64d@3 10-64d buyer; April and May 3 10-64d@3 11-64d seller; May and June 3 11-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Benefactor, 637 tons, Chichester, New York, H G Smallbones.

Schr City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Cawes, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

CLEARED.

Stmr A P Hurt, Robeson, Fayetteville, Jas Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 31, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

City of Baltimore, 298 tons, Cawes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Geo R Congdon, 435 tons, Bayles, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Frank S Hall, 142 tons, Moore, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Freddie Hencken, 500 tons, Henningsen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Lois V Chapels, 192 tons, Medoro, Jas T Riley & Co.

Jacob M Haskell, 463 tons, Hart, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Yearby (Br) 4,665 tons, Goldsworthy, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Benguela, 665 tons, Andreasen, Heide & Co.

St. Paul's Academy

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

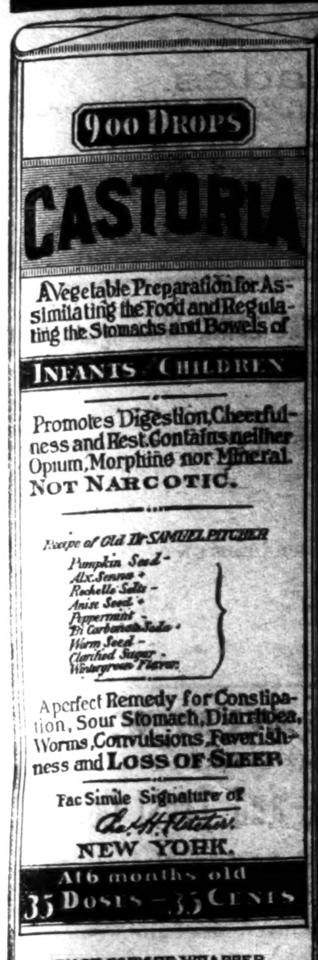
Sixth and Princess streets, Wilmington, N. C.

Students Thoroughly Prepared for

COLLEGE AND BUSINESS.

Session opens September 26. Terms $3.00 and $4.00 per calendar month. For information apply to

E. O. Counts, A. M., Principal, 215 North Seventh street, or to A. G. Voigt, D. D., No. 12 North Sixth street. au 11 6w



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

INSURANCE RISKS.

An Icehouse Said to Be More Dangerous Than a Planing Mill.

"Speaking of fires," said the insurance man, "they are the queerest things in the world. A fire will sometimes take infinite pains to burn up everything indestructible in sight and leave an inflammable article untouched. I have run across all sorts of queer pranks played by fires in my time.

"Some years ago the insurance companies established a rule that all benzine rags in printing offices must be put into closed metal cans during the day, and that these cans should be emptied into the furnaces at the close of business each evening. Shortly afterward there was a fire in a printing office on Randolph street one night. We tried to find out the cause of it and finally concluded it must have originated from spontaneous combustion of oiled rags. The printer insisted that every rag was burned each night and called his errand boy over to corroborate his statement that they could not have 'spontaneously combusted.' The boy looked crestfallen and said that he had forgotten to take them down the night before. But the theory was knocked out when he undertook to show us where he had left them, for there under a heap of burned rubbish was the rag receptacle with the lid securely fastened down and every rag safe.

"In another printing office fire every case was charred and every line of metal type was either melted or warped so as to be of no further use, but the only font of wood type in the office turned up all right, and when the linseed oil which had boiled out of the wood and stood all over it in beads was wiped off it was as good as ever.

"I once canceled a policy on a rickety old frame planing mill which I knew would burn up inside of a year or two. That was 25 years ago. Since then every brick planing mill that I have insured has been burned, but the old frame shed stood until last year, when it was torn down and replaced by a new brick building.

"Icehouses would seem to be good risks, but they burn more readily than match factories, and when the fire is over the contents are usually a total loss. I would rather insure gunpowder than ice any day."—Chicago Record.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* — The Kind You Have Always Bought

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1898. 36th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 122 and 124 W. Franklin street, Baltimore, Md
jy 27 2m we sa

Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and Elective Courses. Extensive Grounds. Location Unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious Buildings, completely Equipped. Charles Street Avenue BALTIMORE, MD. su we sa jy 24 2m

WILLIAM AND MARY COLLEGE,

Williamsburg, Va.

Full collegiate and normal courses. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay no tuition fee, and are charged $10 a month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Next session begins Thursday, October 6th, 1898. Send for Catalogue.

Lyon G. Tyler, M. A. LL.D., President.
jy 10 2m su we

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL,

Near Alexandria, Virginia,

For Boys. The 60th year opens Sept. 28, 1898. Important additional improvements in buildings and equipment. Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. Blackford, M. A., Principal.
jy 31 tf we su

1793 Bingham School 1898 ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Established in 1793. Maj. R. BINGHAM, A.M., LL.D., Supt. Military; U. S. Army Officer detailed.
je 24 2m fr su we

The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate.

For catalogues address

Pres. A. Q. HOLLADAY, RALEIGH, N. C.
je 28 tf.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G — CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

THE WAYS.

Do you traverse a way
That is likely to end
At Something some day,
My friend?

Or do you belong
To the great, plodding throng
On the broad, level way
That leads to Nowhere—
That will end some day
In Nothing out there?

There are paths leading out
From this broad, level way—
You have seen them, no doubt,
For you pass them each day—
That lead to Somewhere,
That glorious place,
So distant, so fair,
Like a mirage in space.

But these pathways, you say,
Are so stony and steep,
And the broad, level way
Is so easy to keep!
You have heard of Somewhere,
And you'd like to go there
If a way could be found
That was easy and wound
In a smooth, broad course that led on around
And up the height,
Where the city stands, a glorious sight,
Peopled by only immortals, and where
There is honor for each that at last gets there.

Ah, there is no way that is level and broad
Leading up to this glorious place, Somewhere,
And no man yet who has only trod
A way that is easy and smooth and broad
Has ever succeeded in getting there!
—S. E. Kiser in Cleveland Leader.

The Rosettes on the Bridles.

The bridle of pretty much every harness has upon it rosettes, more or less ornamental, one on each side, placed at the ends of the front, or brow, band. These rosettes are made in very great variety. Some are made of tin, some of German silver, and some of German silver covered with a thin sheet of silver. Some rosettes are plain, some are embossed. They sell at prices ranging from practically nothing to $2 a pair. Rosettes of this kind are often engraved with the monogram or with initials. Engraved rosettes are not infrequently seen on business harness.

There are costlier rosettes that are used on carriage harness only and are made some of leather and some of silk ribbon. These are made by hand in various sizes and of various colors and combinations of colors. Handsome rosettes of leather sell at $2.50 to $5 a pair, depending upon the size; the ribbon rosettes at from $5 to $10 a pair. Rosettes of this kind are not sold with the harness. They are bought separately as ornaments. Ribbon rosettes costing $10 a pair might, for instance, be bought to attach to the bridles of a fine double harness costing, say, $400 a set.—New York Sun.

Birds That Roof Their Nests.

The commonest type of nest is the ordinary cup shaped affair built of grass, twigs or mud and open at the top, but this arrangement does not find favor with many of our native birds, and they make a point of roofing their nests.

The long tailed titmouse, for instance, constructs the prettiest nest to be found in Britain, or in Europe, for that matter. It is oval in shape, roofed, and the opening is closed by a feather when the titmouse is away. The bird, when sitting, sticks its long tail straight up like a mast, and on this account the nest is built high and narrow, like an egg.

The wren always roofs her nest, building a little dome of grass and entering by an oval hole in the side. Magpies also prefer a nest with a ceiling, built roughly of twigs, but magpies will save themselves trouble when possible by adopting an old crow's nest and roofing it themselves.

Both the willow warbler and chiffchaff roof their nests, generally building them on the ground and concealing them dexterously. The wood wren does likewise. The tree sparrow puts a top on his abode, but it is a rough sort of structure and not carefully and neatly woven like the homes of the last three.—Detroit Free Press.

Venice and the Horse.

It is said that some of the Venetians—those who have never been to the mainland—have never seen a horse in all their lives. A showman once brought one to a fair and called it a monster, and the factory hands paid a shilling each to see the marvel.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

The nest which is made into soup and eaten by the Chinese is that of a bird closely allied to the swift. The nests are made of gelatinous secretion from the mouth of the bird.

All lovers are alike, and that is why they correspond.—New Orleans Picayune.

A HORRID SLANDER.

The Most Infamous That Ever Appeared in Print in This State.

The Alarmed Politicians are Trying to Break the Force of it by Resorting to Various Dodges, But They are Too Thin.

The infamous assault on the white women of this State which appeared on the 18th of August in the *Daily Record*, the negro paper published in this city, has aroused a storm of indignation from one end of the State to the other. We have received so many requests for copies of the STAR containing this article that we herewith reproduce it in full, the accuracy of which is certified to by Col. John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, and by a number of our well-known business men. The article is headed:

Mrs. Felton's Speech.

"A Mrs. Felton, from Georgia, makes a speech before the Agricultural Society at Tybee, Ga., in which she advocates lynching as an extreme measure. This woman makes a strong plea for womanhood, and if the alleged crimes or rape were half so frequent as is ofttimes reported, her plea would be worthy of consideration.

"Mrs. Felton, like many other so-called Christians, loses sight of the basic principle of the religion of Christ in her plea for one class of people as against another. If a missionary spirit is essential for the uplifting of the poor white girls, why is it? The The morals of the poor white people are on a par with their colored neighbors of like conditions, and if any one doubts the statement let him visit among them. The whole lump needs to be leavened by those who profess so much religion and showing them that the preservation of virtue is an essential for the life of any people.

"Mrs. Felton begins well for she admits that education will better protect the girls on the farm from the assaulter. This we admit and it should not be confined to the white any more than to the colored girls. The papers are filled often with reports of rapes of white women, and the subsequent lynching of the alleged rapists. The editors pour forth volleys of aspersions against all negroes because of the few who may be guilty. If the papers and speakers of the other race would condemn the commission of crime because it is crime and not try to make it appear that the negroes were the only criminals, they would find their strongest allies in the intelligent negroes themselves, and together the whites and blacks would root the evil out of both races.

"We suggest that the whites guard their women more closely, as Mrs. Felton says, thus giving no opportunity for the human fiend, be he white or black. **You leave your goods out of doors and then complain because they are taken away.** Poor white men are careless in the matter of protecting their women, especially on farms. They are careless of their conduct toward them **and our experience among poor white people in the country teaches us that the women of that race are not any more particular in the matter of clandestine meetings with colored men, than are the white men with colored women. Meetings of this kind go on for some time until the woman's infatuation or the man's boldness, bring attention to them and the man is lynched for rape. Every negro lynched is called a 'big, burly, black brute,' when in fact many of those who have thus been dealt with had white men for their fathers, and were not only not 'black' and 'burly' but were sufficiently attractive for white girls of culture and refinement to fall in love with them as is well known to all."**

"Mrs. Felton must begin at the fountain head if she wishes to purify the stream.

"Teach your men purity. Let virtue be something more than an excuse for them to intimidate and torture a helpless people. Tell your men that it is no worse for a black man to be intimate with a white woman, than for a white man to be intimate with a colored woman.

You set yourselves down as a lot of carping hypocrites; in fact you cry aloud for the virtue of your women while you seek to destroy the morality of ours. Don't think ever that your women will remain pure while you are debauching ours. You sow the seed—the harvest will come in due time."

THE AFFIDAVIT OF THE CLERK.

An effort has been made by some of the politicians to fool the people by representing that this slander was a Democratic trick or was garbled, but the following affidavit from the Clerk of the Superior Court settles the question as to its accuracy:

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

I, John D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record*, a paper published in the city of Wilmington, of date Aug. 18, 1898.

"I further certify that said paper has been published in said city at least eight months prior to this date; that Alex. L. Manly, the editor, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has before this held the office of Deputy Register of Deeds of New Hanover county, by appointment from Charles W. Norwood, Republican Register of Deeds, of New Hanover county.

"I further certify that John N. Goins, business manager; L. D. Manly, foreman; Jno. T. Howe, general traveling agent; and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and are known as Republicans and the said Jno. T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897. Witness my hand and seal this August 24th, 1898.
JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover Co.

Who Manly Is.

As the Republican politicians in this county could not call this assault a Democratic trick, or say it was garbled, they tried to break the force of it by repudiating the paper as a party organ and characterizing the editor as a "simpleton" who represents no one but himself. The following affidavit from a number of business men of Wilmington testifies to the accuracy of the published slander, tells who Manly and his associates on the *Record* are and shows that Manly was not regarded as a simpleton, or a nobody before he startled the bosses by the publication of that awful article:

CITIZENS TESTIFY.

B. G. Worth, of the Worth Co.; R. W. Hicks, wholesale grocer; C. E. Borden, president of Navassa Guano Co.; W. L. DeRosset, commander of N. C. Division Confederate Veterans, and John C. Springer, of the firm of W. E. Springer & Co., each being duly sworn says that he has read the foregoing paper, and that the said is an accurate and true copy of an editorial in the *Daily Record* of the date August 18th, 1898; that said paper, the *Daily Record*, has been published in the city of Wilmington at least eight months prior to this date, and Alex. L. Manly, the editor thereof, is a negro, is well known as a Republican and has held the position of Deputy Register of Deeds in New Hanover county under the Republicans.

Affiants further say that John N. Goins, business manager, L. D. Manly, foreman, John T. Howe, general travelling agent, and F. G. Manly, general manager, are all negroes, and Republicans, and the said John T. Howe was a Republican Representative from New Hanover county in the Legislature of 1897.
W. L. DEROSSET,
JOHN C. SPRINGER,
B. G. WORTH,
R. W. HICKS,
CHAS. E. BORDEN.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

Personally appeared before me, Wm. L. DeRossett, B. G. Worth, John C. Springer, R. W. Hicks and Charles E. Borden, shown to me to be the persons they represent themselves to be, and made oaths that the above statement is correct to the best of their knowledge and belief.
JOHN TURRENTINE,
Notary Public.

BOILS

Carbuncles

RUNNING SORES

CURED BY USING

Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.)

The Great Blood Remedy.

In either boils or their more aggravated form of carbuncle it surely indicates a diseased condition of the blood, which should have prompt attention on the appearance of the first symptoms. Eat the best you can get, and freely use Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.). This medicine will scatter the boils and heal the diseased flesh in a few days. Mrs. W. J. Steed, of Augusta, Georgia, had boils for several years past, as well as a carbuncle over the right eye. This spring she felt the symptoms of boils coming on again. While sewing she would prick the skin with her needle. The little sores would fester. Her blood was in a terrible condition. She took two bottles of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.), and was entirely cured, and she passed the spring without the annoying boils and possible return of a carbuncle. Her blood was relieved of poison matter by B. B. B., which is a powerful blood remedy. It is purely vegetable.

Running Sores or chronic ulcers are most frequently found on the leg. The real cause is in a diseased condition of the blood. Happily there is a cure in Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) Years ago Dr. Gillam used B. B. B. for running sores, and no case since ever failed to yield to its marvelous power. We have over 400 testimonials of successful cures from B. B. B. of running sores. We give one or two.

Walter Bridges, of Athens, Tenn., writes: **"For six years I had been afflicted with running sores and an enlargement of the bone in my leg.** I tried everything I heard of without any permanent benefit until Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) was recommended to me. After using six bottles the sores healed, and I am now in better health than I have ever been. I send this testimonial unsolicited, because I want others to be benefitted."

J. D. Watkins, Blakety, Ga., writes: **"Old sores covered my entire person and itched intensely night and day.** For several months I could not work at all. I commenced the use of Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) and began to grow better the first week, and am now sound and well, free from sores and itching, and at work again."

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is a scientific vegetable compound used by Dr. Gillam in his private practice for blood diseases, such as Old Sores, Scrofula, Boils, Blood Poison, etc. It cured so many people that it was put on the market, and is for sale by all druggists at $1 per large bottle, or 6 bottles sent, charges prepaid, on receipt of $5. It has always enjoyed a large sale because it

CURES! CURES! CURES!

even after everything else has been tried in vain. Books of cures sent free of charge.

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.
au 21 1y we su

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185.
W. B. McKOY, Attorney.
au 11 30t

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 632, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 106, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning.
W. B. McKOY,
Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association.
au 9 20t

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 200.

Yours, for some of your business,

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.
my 29 tf

HAMS, HAMS.

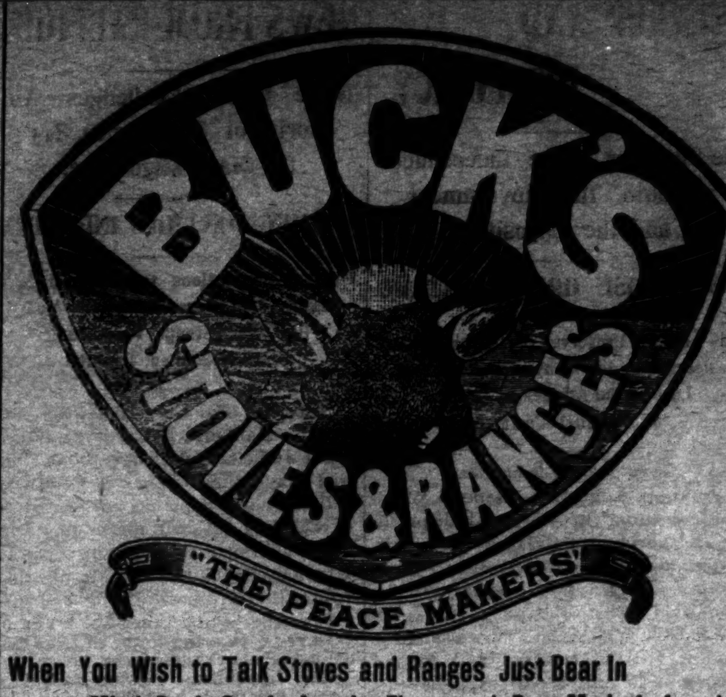
600 Pounds

Fine North Carolina Hams

ON CONSIGNMENT AND MUST BE SOLD.

COME AND BUY.

D. L. Gore,
No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
au 25 tf

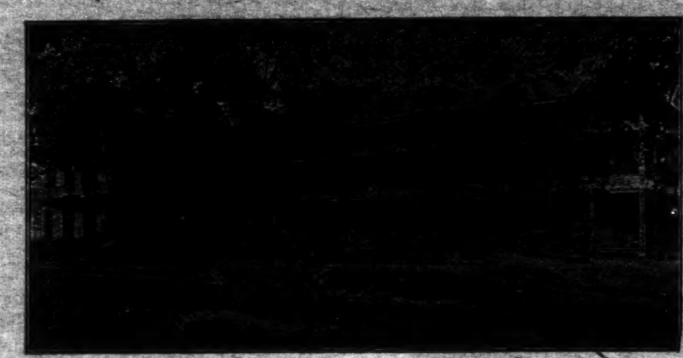


When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

For Health and Pleasure



Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.
my 12 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address
THE MORNING STAR,
Wilmington N. C.
my 23 tf

WANTED

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.
je 4 tf

FOR RENT.

One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,
Providential, Moore Co., N. C
my 12 tf

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer.
je 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:25 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:38 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 00 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 42 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

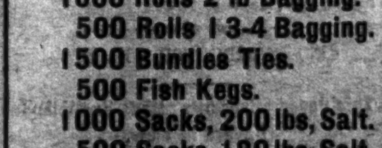
CONNECTIONS:

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN .... Saturday, September 3rd
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, September 10th

Wilmington for New York.

BENEFACTOR ...... Saturday, September 3rd
CROATAN .... Saturday, September 10th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

BENEFACTOR .... Tuesday, August 30th
CROATAN .... Tuesday, September 6th

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. jy 13 tf

Bagging, Ties, Fish Kegs and Salt.

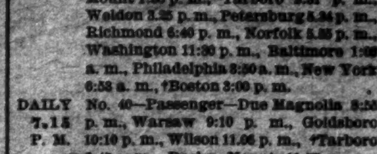
1000 Rolls 2 lb Bagging.
500 Rolls 1 3-4 Bagging.
1500 Bundles Ties.
500 Fish Kegs.
1000 Sacks, 200 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 180 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 110 lbs, Salt.
500 Sacks, 100 lbs, Salt.

R. R. STONE & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
au 18 tf D&W 5 and 7 South Water St.

SALEM Academy and College.

For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.
JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem North Carolina.
au 7 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m. Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m. Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m. Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:25 a. m Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m. Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:06 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m., Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.58 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:25 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:35 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:00 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4:15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m., 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:30 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:55 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:35 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.30 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00, p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 9:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 3.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:53 p. m. Daily.

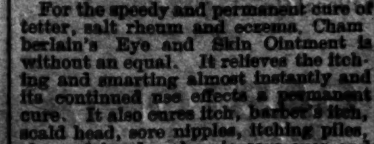
Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p m Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:35 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.
H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 29 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table no. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 33	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern........	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City..	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by HIR. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.
feb 1 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

REVIEW OF CROP CONDITIONS.

Heavy Rains Prove Unfavorable in Some Parts of the Country, While Other Portions Suffer from Drought.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30. — The Weather Bureau, in its review of crop conditions for the week ending August 29th, says:

Continued heavy rains have proved unfavorable in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, while drought prevails in portions of Texas, Arkansas and Missouri, and generally throughout the States of the Eastern Rocky mountain slope. The week has proved very favorable in the New England and the Middle Atlantic States, the Lake region and generally throughout the central valleys, the high temperatures favoring the rapid maturing of crops.

With the exception of portions of Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and South Dakota, where the late crop has been injured by drought and excessive heat, the week has been very favorable for corn, which is maturing rapidly under favorable reports throughout the central and northern portions of the country. In the southern counties of Nebraska corn has ripened too rapidly under the high temperatures of this and the preceding week, and as a result a considerable proportion of the crop in that section of the State will be chaffy. Some cutting has been done in nearly all of the principal corn States. Harvesting and threshing of Spring wheat continue in Oregon and Washington. In Washington threshing shows good yields; much, however, have been somewhat lessened by poor crops of late wheat in some sections, as a result of the excessive heat of the first half of August, which has also injured the crop in Oregon.

The week has been very unfavorable to cotton, especially over the greater part of the eastern portion of the cotton belt, where it has suffered from heavy rains, which have been continuous for the past month, causing rust, shedding, and too rapid growth of stalk. In portions of North Carolina and over the central part of the cotton region conditions for the last week have been somewhat more favorable and the crop is improved in Tennessee, Missouri, and portions of Mississippi and Arkansas. Cotton has also improved in Central and Northern Texas, but insects are causing damage in many localities, and premature opening and shedding are reported from the Central and Southern portions of the State. Picking is becoming general in the northern portion.

Except in New England, where warm, dry weather is needed to mature the crop, the week has been favorable for tobacco, a general improvement being reported from all tobacco producing States. Cutting is general in Kentucky, Virginia, and Maryland, and a large part of the early crop has been housed.

Over the greater part of the country the month of August has been exceptionally favorable for plowing for fall seeding, which work is generally well advanced and in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois is practically finished, while some seeding has been done in Iowa. In portions of Kansas, Iowa, and Nebraska, however, the condition of the soil has been less favorable.

OUR ARMY IN PORTO RICO.

Report of Representatives of National Relief Commission—The Sick List Increasing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30.—The yacht May, which arrived in this city to-day from Porto Rico via Newport News, brought the report of the representatives of the National Relief Commission, ex-Minister to Italy William Potter, William van Rensselaer, Louis C. Vanuxem and Dr. G. G. Graff, who went to Porto Rico to superintend the distribution of the supplies sent to the sick soldiers by the commission.

After giving details of the distribution of the supplies, the report says: "In almost every instance we found the army surgeons most anxious to have at their disposition money for the purchase of needed luxuries for the sick, such as fresh milk, ice (when obtainable) and canned goods, and we are happy to report that in every case we have been able to meet the demands made upon us.

"There are about 16,000 American soldiers in Porto Rico and on the day of our departure, August 22nd, there were over one thousand men on the sick list; of this number one-half were cases requiring prompt and careful treatment.

"All medical authorities in the army in Porto Rico agree that the sick list is increasing and that an alarming condition may be expected unless the War Department promptly arranges barracks for the army of occupation and immediately provides additional transports (the hospital ship Relief being insufficient) to remove such of the sick as can be safely transported home, the convalescent and those enervated by climatic conditions. It is impossible for men from a Northern climate to recuperate in a tropical country during its most unhealthful season."

Attached to the report is a letter from General Miles thanking the commission in behalf of the army for the supplies and for a big consignment of American flags, also a letter from Col. Greenleaf, expressing thanks for the gift of an ice making machine.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Committee's Report Exonerates Supreme Officers from Wrong Doing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 30.—The committee appointed to investigate the administration of the officers of the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias will make its report in the morning, which will be lengthy and will show that the Supreme officers have not been derelict in their duties and not guilty of wrong doing. The re-election of John A. Hinsey, of Chicago, as treasurer of the Endowment Rank, is conceded. The lodge passed a resolution asking Congress to make the Uniform Rank a reserve of the army second only to the National Guard of the different States.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE MILITARY SQUABBLE.

Gen. Miles May be Asked to Explain the Publication of Certain Dispatches.

MAY EXTEND TO CONGRESS.

Spanish Authorities Refuse to Let Supplies Land at Havana—Sickness at Porto Rico Not of an Alarming Nature.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—When Gen. Miles returns to Washington he will be asked for an explanation of recent interviews appearing with him and the publication of certain dispatches which the War Department has not made public. Whether the investigation will take the course of a military court of inquiry or of a private interview between the President, the Secretary of War and Gen. Miles remains yet to be seen.

Until the arrival of Gen. Miles the War Department will not discuss the matter. Secretary Alger says that the department will not enter into any controversy and he does not propose to discuss matters affecting Gen. Miles during his absence.

The department is of opinion that General Miles made public the dispatches of the Secretary, General Shafter and himself, published this morning. Such action it regards as a breach of military regulations, but no military court can secure proof that General Miles made public the dispatches if he and the person to whom they were furnished refuse to give the information, as several military trials have made it a settled law that no military court can compel a civilian to testify if he does not want to. Gen. Miles also may be called to account for the interviews with him as, unless disavowed, they would place him in the attitude of criticising his superior officers, and subject him to military discipline.

Controversy May Extend to Congress.

The publication of the dispatches to-day, taken together with the previous inteviews in the Kansas City *Star*, were the topic of conversation among officers of the War Department, and already there is a disposition by some to take sides in the matter, while others deplore the conditions as tending to lower the tone of the army and to do irreparable injury to the service. It is expected that the controversy will extend to both Houses of Congress and it is feared will have an adverse effect upon the legislation which will be asked for to better the army. It is generally understood that the regular force will have to be largely increased, at least until the conquered islands are disposed of, and it is feared that legislation in this direction will be hampered by the inevitable controversy between the Secretary of War and the general commanding the army.

Refused to Let Supplies Land.

Telegraphic advices were received at the State Department to-day to the effect that Miss Clara Barton, of the National Red Cross, arrived at Havana yesterday on the steamer Clinton No. 2 with supplies for the starving inhabitants of that country and that the Spanish authorities at Havana refused to allow the supplies to be landed and imposed a fine of $500 upon the master of the relief ship because he had no manifest. The matter is now under consideration by the authorities here and steps will be taken to secure the landing of the supplies and a remission of the fine. The absence of the manifest is not explained. The vessel cleared from Santiago for Havana.

Surgeon-General Sternberg says that it is true there is sickness in Porto Rico, but it is not of an alarming nature.

It is probable climatic conditions which is causing sickness among the troops in Porto Rico. Sometime ago orders were issued directing that all troops not actually needed in the island should be sent home and some of the troops in Porto Rico have been ordered to be mustered out.

Mail Service to be Resumed.

An order was issued to-day directing the resumption of contract mail service on Monday next between Tampa, Fla., and Havana, via Key West. The vessel on this line had during hostilities been making trips to Key West three times a week. The service to Key West and Havana for the present will be semi-weekly.

A dispatch from Surgeon Borden at Montauk to the surgeon-general denies the report that the sick on the San Marcas had no bedding except blankets. He says all the sick had mattresses, pillows and blankets.

An order was issued by the Navy Department to-day detaching Commodore J. W. Philip from command of the battleship Texas at New York and placing him in command of the second squadron of the North Atlantic fleet, with the cruiser New York as his flagship. He thus succeeds to the command formerly held by Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, as commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet.

Now that hostilities are over the United States is at liberty to receive from the British builders the cruiser Albany, sister ship to the New Orleans, which was one of the two acquired from Brazil just prior to the outbreak of the war.

Acting Secretary Allen to-day ordered Passed Assistant Engineer Norton, who has been of the greatest service in the engineering bureau during the war and for many months when war preparations were making, to proceed at once to New Castle-on-Tine, England, to superentend and inspect the completion of the machinery of the Albany. It is expected that the ship can be completed in about four months, when she will be brought across the Atlantic by an American crew.

Gen. Lawton's bulletin of health conditions of the American forces in Santiago is as follows:

Total sick, 331; total fever, 312; total new cases fever, seven; returned to duty, one; deaths, two.

KIND WORDS FOR COL. HAY.

This Paper Evidently Had Ex-Minister Bayard in View.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 30.—The *National Review*, referring to the recall of the United States ambassador, Colonel John Hay, to become Secretary of State, says it considers Colonel Hay to be the best ambassador accredited here in recent years, adding:

"He has spoken well and not too often; he has abstained from being more British than the British; he has refrained from fulsome flattery, nor has he indulged in post-prandial gush; but he has missed no fair opportunity of promoting friendly Anglo-American relations, and has been emphatically the right man at the psychological moment."

The *National Review* suggests Senator Wolcott as Colonel Hay's successor.

WEYLER AND HIS POLICY.

He Proposes to be Independent of Both the Government and the Opposition.

TO OPPOSE GREAT BRITAIN.

His Aim to Preserve the Country and Reorganize the Army—Deplores the Loss of the Antilles on Account of National Commerce.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 30.—General Weyler, according to a special dispatch from Madrid as published here this afternoon, has outlined his future policy. He proposes, it appears, to be independent both of the government and of the opposition, "alwas aiming to preserve the country and to reorganize the army." He expresses the belief that the Carlists have plenty of money, some of which, he alleges, comes from France. He says the United Republicans have no personal animus against the Queen, their only object being to "adopt a firm, international stand, one result of which would be to check in some measure England's ambition."

Gen. Weyler's statement was made to a committee of the Weyler club, which called upon him this morning at Palma, Majorca, where he is staying. This evening he expects to speak before a club convention. It is represented that the general is returning to politics in response to many appeals from Spain and from abroad and it is added that he will attend the sessions of the Cortes and expound his views as to the causes of the war disasters.

Substance of His Views.

The substance of Gen. Weyler's declaration to the delegation of the Weyler club is as follows:

The general intends to advocate a sweeping policy of rehabilitation of the government. He will refuse to aid in any temporary measures and will propose a military dictatorship for the reorganization of the army and navy. Their honor, he remarked, has been lost as well as the Antilles, owing solely to military deficiencies.

General Weyler expressed the belief that the present cabinet will be succeeded by a military dictatorship or by a Silvela ministry. He added that he did not desire a change in the form of government but he pointed out that the Carlists have an excellent organization.

Continuing, the former captain-general of Cuba urged Spain to abandon her attitude of international neutrality, in order to be prepared to oppose Great Britain when the latter, desiring to enlarge her sphere of action at Gibraltar, demands the Sierra Carbonera, Melilla, or other adjacent Spanish possessions. The General deemed it better to lose the Philippine islands, the importance of which he did not appreciate, than territory around Gibraltar.

In conclusion, General Weyler deplored the loss of the Antilles for the sake of the Spaniards who resided in the islands and on account of the national commerce.

MADRID, August 30. 10 P. M.—The cabinet council to-morrow, says Senor Sagasta, will deal with the nomination of the peace commissioners; and, so far as possible, comissioners will be appointed who are conversant with internation law, financial matters and colonial questions, especially regarding the Philippines.

General Weyler, presiding this exening over the Weyler club convention, alluded to the "disasters Spain has suffered and must retrieve."

He complained that the press censorship would not prevent the fixing of the responsibility, which politicians are trying to throw on the army and navy. He promised that the would speak plainly and place himself forthwith "at the head of the people in their struggle for the salvation of the country."

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

The Surgeon General Receives Encouraging Reports from Infected Points.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Dr. Wyman, Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital service has received encouraging yellow fever news from both Key West and Galveston. At the former place no new cases have developed within the last three or four days and he is of the opinion that no fever cases exists there now. There are no new cases reported at Galveston and the quarantine established against the city has been raised, but it is continued against Fort Point, where the troops are quartered. Altogether the situation is very satisfactory. News of another yellow fever case at Franklin, La., reached Dr. Wyman to-day. It was that of a physician who attended the other cases which have occurred there. This additional case, however, is not considered at all grave as the source of it is traceable.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, Aug. 30.—Assistant State Health Officer Daniels to-day received information to the effect that a third case of yellow fever had appeared at Franklin, La,, the victim being the person who waited on the case of Hobson, who was the first person to develop the fever at that point this season with fatal results. The nurse also died.

A STRANGE STORY.

Negroes Charged With Selling Poisoned Milk to Soldiers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ALTOONA, PA., August 30.—Soldiers passing through Altoona tell a strange story regarding the death of Quartermaster Geo. B. Franks, of Company G, Twelfth New York regiment. The regiment is camped at Chattanooga. Because of the death of three hospital patients after drinking milk sold by negroes living in the neighborhood, the quartermaster of Company G would not allow the negroes to sell anything to his company. Friday night a gang of negroes caught Franks outside of the camp grounds, and after beating him nearly to death threw him under a passing railroad train. Since then the guards have been ordered to shoot any negro who attempts to pass the camp lines.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 0; Boston, 8.
Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 9.
Louisville—Louisville, 4; Baltimore, 2.
Chicago—Chicago, 1; New York, 0.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Judge Clark Challenges Authority of Trustees to Try the Clark-Kilgo Case.

WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY

Populist Conventions to Meet on September 8th—Express Company Must Pay War Stamp Tax—David Clark Appointed Captain.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 30.

The Judicial and Congressional District conventions of the Populist party will meet here September 8th. Oliver H. Dockery, Jr., will make an effort to get the Populists to put up a candidate for Solicitor. He knows that Solitor Pou will get the undivided support of the white Populists. Young Dockery is catering to the negroes and defends them to their faces.

The Republican State Executive Committee meets here Thursday. The object of the meeting is not stated, but is thought to be to make a further attempt to clinch the fellowship with the Populists. I am told that one member will alone make an effort to have Manly's villainous tirade against white women in some way taken from their shoulders.

O. H. Dockery has done the very foolish act of resigning his position as cashier in the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue.

Word comes here from St. Simon's Island that the Wilmington company is divided and about 85 per cent. favor mustering out.

The name of David B. Sutton, formerly of Wilmington, has been suggested as a probable successor to Captain Cooper, resigned. It is not thought possible, however, that the Governor could appoint him with such charges as are alleged to be made against him.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Russell appoints Adjutant David Clark, son of Justice Walter Clark, captain of the Murphy company, vice Captain Cooper resigned. Lieutenant Rowland, who is a Republican, was endorsed by every line officer.

Railroad Commission decides Express Company must pay war stamp tax. The matter of reducing rate on the Raleigh & Gaston road is indefinitely postponed.

Judge Clark, in a written statement, challenges the authority of the Trinity trustees to try the Clark-Kilgo case. He says he can't get evidence because witnesses are afraid of persecution if they testify. The trustees are in session at Durham to-night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, Aug. 30.—The North Carolina Railroad Commission decided to-day that the Southern Express Company shall pay the war stamp tax on all packages. The order goes into effect September 15th and the penalty for failure to comply was fixed at $50. It is said that the company will obey the order.

THE SITUATION IN HAVANA.

Papers Agitated Over Disposition of Remains of Columbus—City Quiet and Business Resuming.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, August 30, 9 P. M.—*La Lucha*, commenting editorially this afternoon upon Senor Sagasta's intention to prevent the Cortes from discussing the incidents and results of the war, and to forbid the press to publish the parliamentary debates, criticises this attitude strongly and condemns Sagasta's "autocracy and absolutism."

To-morrow will be General Blanco's birthday. He celebrated it in advance by a gift of $500 to be used in the purchase of supplies for distribution among the local charitable institutions. His generosity is much applauded.

Havana business houses and private citizens subscribed during the blockade the sum of $500,000 toward the improvement of the navy, but the opportunity to utilize the fund in that way having passed a meeting was held yesterday to consider appropriating the fund to the erection of a new and magnificent Spanish club.

The papers are greatly agitated as to the disposition of the remains of Columbus and it is understood that the Duke of Veragua, the only living descendant of the discoverer of America, will request the privilege of removing them from the Havana cathedral and carrying them to Spain, there to deposit them with the remains of other illustrious Spaniards. The general impression is that the remains are not tobe included in the surrender.

Recent advices from Candelaria report a state of dreadful distress, the result of fevers and scarcity of food caused by the blockade.

Within a stone's throw of the town the insurgent general, Pedro Diaz, is encamped with a thousand men; but as yet they have not solicited food.

Chief La Hoz is encamped just outside San Cristobal, whose inhabitants take the men supplies.

Several insurgent leaders in the province of Pinar del Rio have issued circulars guaranteeing law and order and promising safety to all who will return to their fields and farms. The Cubans in that province have set an example, which will surely be followed elsewhere.

Havana is perfectly quiet. Business is resuming and the shops and stores are displaying beautiful fancy goods. Behind the scenes, however, there is considerable want.

To-day the council of secretaries, resolved, in view of the custom house regulations, not to allow exemption from duty for the supplies brought on the Comal in charge of Captain Niel. Neither has he any other legal recourse to secure exemption. The Spanish colonial authorities are willing to take charge of the supplies and distribute them themselves, paying duties on account of the government at the Havana custom house.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

At Burgaw, Pender county (Court week), Monday, September 12th.

Among the vessels placed out of commission yesterday were the Nantucket, the Chickasaw and the Cheyenne, at Port Royal, and the Maple, at Norfolk.

GEN. MERRITT LEAVES FOR PARIS.

Junta to Send a Delegate to Peace Conference—Insurgent Leaders Will Visit Washington.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, Aug. 30.—The United States transport China left here to-day, having on board Major General Merritt and his staff. The general is bound for Paris, where he will take part in the Spanish-American peace conference. Major General Otis is acting governor of Manila. Generals Greene and Babcock, with their staffs, are bound for Washington.

Opacible, the insurgent leader, is going to Hong Kong in order to confer with the insurgent junta there. He will receive Aguinaldo's final instructions by cable. Agonillo, another of the insurgent leaders, is going to Washington. It is considered probable that the insurgent junta of Hong Kong will send a delegate to the Paris peace conference.

Hundreds of unarmed insurgents visited Manila yesterday. Rear Admiral Dewey has declined to permit the coastwise steamers to resume running, pending a settlement of the Philippine question.

General Rios, the Spanish Governor of the Visayas islands, is reported to have proclaimed himself Governor General of the Spanish dominions in the Philippine islands, and to have invited the adherents of Spain to rally at Iloilo.

LONDON, August 31.—A dispatch to the *Daily Telegraph* from Manila dated August 27th says:

"All the outskirts of Manila are in a state of complete anarchy.

"The insurgents are hunting and pillaging the Spaniards, while the natives generally are sacking villages, robbing vehicles and stealing horses."

LONDON, August 31.—The Manila correspondent of the *Times* says: "Gen. Wesley Merritt's last official act before leaving was to sign a permission for the insurgents to send an emissary to represent them at the proceedings of the Paris grand commission. General Aguinaldo has sent an agent to Hong Kong to inform Filipe Agoncillo, the insurgent leader, of his appointment for this duty. General Whittier succeeds General Greene as intendente."

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY.

Will be Able to Pay But a Brief Visit to His Old Home.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, August 30.—While President McKinley very much desired to pay more than a brief visit to his old home in Canton he finds that the duties of his office are such that he will be obliged to cut his visit there to a mere call.

The President will spend a couple of days in camp at Montauk Point and Camp Wikoff, so as to correctly inform himself as to the condition of affairs and the truth of the reports that have been circulated, from personal observation and contact with the men. The Presidential party will be at Col. Myron T. Herrick's residence, "The Overlook," on Euclid Heights, in this city, until Thursday morning, when they will leave for Canton.

BRUTAL SOLDIERS.

Two of Them Shot at Brunswick, Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., August 30.—A Brunswick, Ga., special to the *Morning News* says: Section Foreman Hartman, his wife and his sister, Miss Carrie Hedley, of Everett, were insulted by a party of soldiers near their home last night. They were watching the First Ohio regiment go through to Huntsville, when some of the privates made coarse remarks to them. They retreated to their home and the soldiers followed. Two of the soldiers fired at Hartman. Hartman and the women folks returned the fire, wounding two soldiers, one seriously.

FIRE AT NASHVILLE, TENN.

The Loss Over $300,000—Covered by Insurance.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., August 30.—Fire which broke out to-day in the four story building of the Phillips-Buttoroff company caused a loss a little in excess of $300,000. Aside from the concern named above, which suffered to the extent of $175,000, the principal losses were sustained by A. J. Warren, $57,000; Phillips & Stevenson, $26,000; American National Bank, $20,000; Davis Printing Company, $40,000, and J. M. Head, $20,000. These losses are pretty well covered by insurance.

FORT McPHERSON HOSPITAL.

Surgeon in Charge Reports the Six Hundred Patients Being Well Cared For.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The surgeon in charge of the hospital at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, reports to the surgeon-general that the six hundred patients there are being well cared for. He has seventy-one female nurses and plenty of ice, milk and other things and a fund of $2,000 to expend for anything needed. Any reports of starving, he says, must have come from some typhoid convalescent, who was not allowed all he wanted to eat by surgeon's orders so as to prevent a severe relapse.

ON THE FIELD OF HONOR.

Two Mississippians Meet and Exchange Shots—No One Hurt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

VICKSBURG, MISS., August 30.—Hon. Charles E. Scott, editor of the Bolivar county *Democrat* and Captain C. E. Wright of the Vicksburg *Dispatch* met on the field of honor to-day and exchanged two shots each. The duellists were lined up for a third shot when officers appeared on the scene and stopped the battle. The difficulty grew out of an editorial controversy on the failure of the Rosedale bank.

A telephone message to the *Herald* from Jackson says: Dr. H. A. Gant, State health inspector last night reported to the State Board of Health that he has discovered four cases of what appears to be yellow fever at Orwood, a small village in LaFayette county.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

THE CZAR'S PROPOSAL.

Regarded by France as Russian Perfidy. Admitted on All Sides that Circular Was a Great Surprise.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 31.—The *Daily Graphic* says that Lord Salisbury in 1888 communicated to Emperor William a memorandum showing the tremendous cost of armed Europe. Emperor William was so impressed that he privately intimated his intention to summon a disarmament congress. The semi-official German press ventilated the idea with the result that so much animosity was revealed on the part of France that the Kaiser abandoned the project.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Times* says: "Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister, declares that the idea originated entirely with Emperor Nicholas. There is much scepticism in diplomatic circles as to any practical results from a conference, and it is admitted on all sides that the circular came as the greatest surprise."

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* still insists that M. Faure and the French ministers knew nothing before hand, and that the Czar's proposal has plunged the entire official world into terrible embarrassment and almost into stupefaction. "Everbody," says M. de Blowitz, "is asking with dismay what it means. It is a sad awakening for France, and her papers are making an immense effort to restrain their feelings in the face of what is regarded as Russian perfidy."

BERLIN Aug. 30.—The general opinion here is that the United States government would decline to enter a disarmament conference.

The official *Nord Deutsenh Allgemeine Zeitung*, believed to be inspired by Prince von Hohenlohe, the Imperial chancellor, declares the willingness of Emperor William and Germany to accept the invitation to attend the congress as proposed by the Russian Emperor.

A BIG TRUST.

Formed to Control the Output and Sale of Sewing and Knitting Machines.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 30.—The St. James *Gazette* this afternoon says it is reported on the Stock Exchange that an Anglo-American trust, to control the output and sale of sewing machines, knitting machines and all other kind of needles, is being formed. Several American and two midland firms are reported to have sold their business to the combination. The capital, it is further announced, will be 1,500,000 pounds, $7,500,000), divided into preferred and ordinary stock.

WARM WIRELETS.

Hon. J. F. Stallings was unanimously re-nominated yesterday for Congress from the Second Alabama district by the Democrats.

J. H. Barrett, general superintendent of transportation of the Southern Railway Company, announces the following appointments: G. R. Loyall, superintendent Asheville division, vice W. O. Sprigg, resigned to accept service elsewhere; H. B. Spencer, superintendent Louisville division, vice G. R. Loyall, transferred.

Counsel for Surgeon L. C. Duncan, of the Twenty-second Kansas, have made application to the judicial authorities at Fairfax, Va., for the release of their client on bail, but this will not be finally passed upon until official advice is received of the court martial trial. Duncan's trial by the State authorities is set for September 19th.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

The following Schedule is in effect on and after Monday, August 29th:

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach at 6.00 A. M., 9.45 A. M., and 5.15 P. M.
Leave Beach 7.00 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M., and 6.00 P. M.
The 9.45 boat through for Southport Leave Southport, 2.30 P. M.

J. W. HARPER.

au 29 tf

"OLE VIRGINNY NEVER TIRE"

Is an Old Time Tune,

and in this connection I wish to call your attention to a select lot of

VIRGINIA HAMS.

Small, Sweet, Sound as a Nut, and YOU'LL NEVER TIRE OF THEIR DELICIOUS FLAVOR.

S. W. SANDERS,

au 26 tf At the Unlucky Corner.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. au 6

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

jy 17 tf Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$543,255 52	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25—	79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22		Total Deposits		561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94—	209,406 16			
Total		$802,929 65	Total		$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—Nine-room apartment suitable for first-class boarding house. On Front, between Chesnut and Grace streets. I. Shrier. au 31 1t

Notice—There Will be an annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Onslow Land and Investment Company, held in the city of Wilmington, N. C., in the office of Jno. D. Bellamy, Smith building, on Tuesday, the 6th tay of September, 1898. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary and Treasurer. we au 10 tf

Lost—At Wrightsville Beach, on August 24th, a liver colored Pointer Dog and a real Setter Dog. Suitable reward if returned to N. B. Rankin's store au 30 1t

Photographs—For a limited time, I will make a cheaper grade of Photos at the following prices: Cabinet size, $1.00 per dozen; smaller sizes, 50c per dozen. My best work at reasonable prices. Enlargements a specialty. New frames to suit just received. H. Cronenberg, over Green's drug store. au 30 1w

Wanted—Ten thousand Apollinaris water bottles and "Rienzi" beer bottles, or same shape as these. Sol Bear & Co., 20 Market street. au 28 5t

To Country Merchants and farmers who sell Country Produce. Try M. C. Benson, 106 Dock street, for best prices, quick sales and prompt returns. August 27, 1898. au 28 tf

Photographs and Frames—Cheapest Frames and Easles in the city. Finest kind of Photographs at reasonable rates. Good work guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 28 tf

For Rent—The Cantwell House, corner Sixth and Market streets. Nine rooms; modern improvements. Possession given October 1st. Apply to D. O'Connor. su au 14 tf

For Rent—A destrable two-story house corner of Second and Ann streets (No. 301 South Second), containing 6 rooms, besides kitchen and servant's room. Bath, Closet, Cistern, City Water and plenty of yard room. Possession given October 1st. For terms apply to M. C. Darby, agent. su au 14 tf

Pure Sweet Apple Cider freshly made guaranteed to be nothing but Pure Apple Juice can be had of H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street Bell 'Phone No. 38. au 26 tf

R. V. Leonard & Bro., Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nos. 2 and 3 South Water street. We solicit your consignments. Prompt sales and returns guaranteed. R. V. Leonard & Bro. au 25 tf

Finest Apples and Peaches. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 5 Princess street. au 23 tf

Wanted—Eight Thousand dollars wanted on improved real estate in Wilmington. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 1w

For Rent—Store on Front, between Market and Dock. Store No. 11 Market street. Store on South Water, between Market and Dock. Store on North Water, between Princess and Chesnut. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. au 21 tf

For Rent—Dwellings and Stores. Special attention given to rent collections. Taxes, insurance and repairs attended to without extra charge. Commission on collections reasonable. Andrew Smith, real estate agent. au 21 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

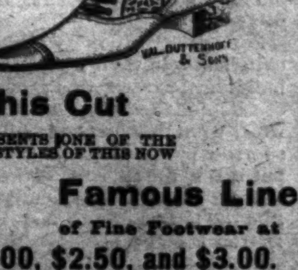
Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

Eggs, Chickens, Peaches and Apples, Irish Potatoes, &c., at R. E. Moore's, the wide awake Produce Commission Merchant, 125 Princess street. au 17 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf



This Cut

REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW

Famous Line

of Fine Footwear at

$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.

Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest

is now on for 60 days.

Look in Our Window!

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

au 4 tf 115 Princess street.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. feb 25 tf Goldsboro, N. C.

WE HAVE Not Made Peace.

On the contrary we are still waging

A Bitter Warfare

against high prices on

Hardware and House Furnishings.

Come what will, the fight is going to be kept up as long as we stay in the business, and this means that the PLACE TO BUY anything in the

HARDWARE LINE

at Rock Bottom Prices is at

J. W. Murchison's,

au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Death in Ice Cream.

By Telegraph to the Dispatch.

"MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., AUGUST 25.—Ice Cream, prepared with Lemon Extract, purchased from a travelling salesman a few days ago, has caused the death of three persons, and a score of others are sick, and more fatalities are expected. Those affected are Summer residents of Greenfield. It is believed that fully six others will die."

THE ABOVE SHOULD BE A WARNING TO EVERY ONE.

Don't buy your "flavoring extracts" and medicines from "travelling salesmen" or have your prescriptions filled by irresponsible parties, but go to a First Class Drug Store, where those who serve you know their business.

A word to the wise is sufficient. We handle only the BEST of EVERYTHING.

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Pharmacist and Prescription Specialist.
Y. M. C. A. Building,
au 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Well Dressed Beef and Mutton,

Lamb, Veal or Pork, of the finest quality and flavor, is always at your disposal, at the lowest prices, at this market. If you have not favored us with your patronage heretofore, a test of our high grade meats, cut in an expert manner for your table, will prove so satisfactory that you will always remain a customer.

I. B. RHODES.

au 27 tf

RICE?

If you want to see something Real Handsome,

we invite you to our store to look at some

New Crop Southern Rice.

The price is 15c quart, but when you get it, you have the satisfaction of knowing that you have the best there is.

We have just received a small choice lot of

N. C. HAMS, which we offer at 12 1-2c per Pound.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 397. Fourth Street Bridge.
au 28 tf

Butter, Cheese, Cakes.

WE HAVE THE FAMOUS JAMES TOWN BUTTER, STRAIGHT'S P. N. CHEESE, AND CAKES AND CRACKERS OF BEST MAKES.

Receiving Fresh New Flour,

and Can fill all Orders Promptly

Try a crate Swift's Winchester S. C. Hams.

A Nice Lot N. C. Bacon

on consignment.

Hall & Pearsall,

au 13 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.

One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.

au 2 1m R. R. Love & Bro.